



**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

**ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 074273/0163**



Applicant: Satoshi OBANA  
Title: ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION WITH ENDURANCE TO  
CRYPTANALYSIS METHOD  
Appl. No.: Unassigned  
Filing Date: 04/20/2000  
Examiner: Unassigned  
Art Unit: Unassigned

**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION**  
**TRANSMITTAL**

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Box PATENT APPLICATION  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b) is the nonprovisional  
utility patent application of:

Satoshi OBANA

Enclosed are:

- ☒ [ X ] Specification, Claim(s), and Abstract (141 pages).
- ☒ [ X ] Formal drawings (28 sheets, Figures 1-28).
- ☒ [ X ] Declaration and Power of Attorney (2 pages).
- ☒ [ X ] Assignment of the invention to NEC CORPORATION.
- ☒ [ X ] Assignment Recordation Cover Sheet.
- ☒ [ X ] Claim for Convention Priority and Priority Document.
- ☒ [ X ] Information Disclosure Statement.
- ☒ [ X ] Form PTO-1449 with copies of 8 listed reference(s).

09553415 "042000"

Appl. No. Unassigned

The filing fee is calculated below:

	Claims as Filed	Included in Basic Fee	Extra Claims	Rate	Fee Totals
Basic Fee				\$690.00	\$690.00
Total Claims:	63	- 20	= 43	x \$18.00	= \$774.00
Independents:	9	- 3	= 6	x \$78.00	= \$468.00
If any Multiple Dependent Claim(s) present:				+ \$260.00	= \$0.00
Assignment Recording Fee per property				+ \$40.00	= \$40.00
				SUBTOTAL:	= \$1972.00
[ ] Small Entity Fees Apply (subtract ½ of above):					= \$0.00
				TOTAL FILING FEE:	= \$1972.00

- [ X ] A check in the amount of \$1972.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- [ ] The required filing fees are not enclosed but will be submitted in response to the Notice to File Missing Parts of Application.
- [ X ] The Assistant Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required regarding this application under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16-1.17, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 19-0741. Should no proper payment be enclosed herewith, as by a check being in the wrong amount, unsigned, post-dated, otherwise improper or informal or even entirely missing, the Assistant Commissioner is authorized to charge the unpaid amount to Deposit Account No. 19-0741.

Please direct all correspondence to the undersigned attorney or agent at the address indicated below.

Respectfully submitted,

April 20, 2000  
Date

FOLEY & LARDNER  
Washington Harbour  
3000 K Street, N.W., Suite 500  
Washington, D.C. 20007-5109  
Telephone: (202) 672-5407  
Facsimile: (202) 672-5399

for / *Phillip J. Anticola* Reg. No. 38,819  
David A. Blumenthal  
Attorney for Applicant  
Registration No. 26,257

**ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION  
WITH ENDURANCE TO CRYPTANALYSIS METHOD**

**Background of the Invention**

5    1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to encryption and decryption with endurance to cryptanalysis method.

10    2. Description of the Related Art

10            A conventional encrypting apparatus is composed of an input unit, a storage unit, an encryption processing unit and an output unit. A plaintext is supplied to the encryption processing unit from the input unit. The encryption processing unit always carries out an encrypting operation in accordance with a predetermined processing procedure at each of a plurality of processing stages of the encrypting operation to generate a ciphertext, while storing an intermediate data at each processing stage in the storage unit. The intermediate data is required at the next processing stage of the encrypting operation. The generated ciphertext is output from the output unit. In this case, the time period from the time when the encrypting operation is started to the time when a specific intermediate stage of the encrypting operation is

15

20

25

005345 042000

started is approximately constant.

It should be noted that a method of implementing cipher algorithm is described in detail in "Applied Cryptography" by Bruce Schneier  
5 (John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1996, ISBN 0-471-11709-9, pp.623-673".

In the above mentioned conventional example of the encrypting apparatus, cryptanalysis methods such as a simple power analysis and a  
10 differential power analysis are effective. The simple power analysis and the differential power analysis uses the feature that the consumption power becomes larger when a data held in a semiconductor device is changed, compared with a  
15 case that the held data is not changed. In the cryptanalysis method, the power consumption of the encrypting apparatus is measured at a plurality of timings while the encrypting operation of a plaintext is carried out to  
20 specify secret information such as a secret key (an encrypt key) in the encrypting apparatus.

The following two conditions must be met for the purpose that the simple power analysis or the differential power analysis functions  
25 effectively. That is, the first condition is that an executed stage of the encrypting operation can be specified each time the power consumption is

095345 "042000

measured. The second condition is that the measured value of the power consumption at each stage conspicuously reflects the calculation result of the encrypting operation carried out in  
5 the encrypting apparatus.

When the above-mentioned two conditions have been met in the conventional encrypting apparatus, the simple power analysis or the differential power analysis functions effectively  
10 to make the decryption possible. This is applied to a decrypting apparatus and an encrypting and decrypting apparatus in the same manner.

A method of encrypting data is disclosed in Japanese Laid Open Patent Application (JP-A-  
15 Heisei 9-230786) and Japanese Laid Open Patent Application (JP-A-Heisei 8-504067) in relation to the above conventional technique. In these references, differential decipherment and linear decipherment are prevented. The intermediate  
20 results of the encrypting operation are changed without depending on the random numbers and an encrypt key is changed in dependence on the random numbers.

Also, an improved secretness in the  
25 encrypting communication device is disclosed in Japanese Laid Open Patent Application (JP-A-Heisei 8-504067). In this reference, when power

000240" 5745560

5           Even if these techniques are combined, it  
is very difficult to remove the dependence of the  
finally outputted ciphertext on the random  
numbers.

In conjunction with the above description,  
a verification method is disclosed in Japanese  
Laid Open Patent Application (JP-A-Heisei 10-  
210023). In this reference, the first station and  
the second station stores common secret  
information Ka (K'a) in storage sections (13) and  
(43) at each station. The first station transmits  
to the second station, the user information (Ia)  
indicating that the first station is a first  
station. One of the first and second stations  
generates and transmits random numbers r to the  
other station. The first station generates first  
verification information using the random  
numbers, secret information and predetermined  
algorithm, and transmits it to the second  
station. The second station generates second  
verification information using the random  
numbers, secret information and the predetermined  
algorithm. The second station compares the first

verification information and the second verification information and determines authority of the first station based on whether both are the same.

5           Also, a method of generating a hash value  
is disclosed in Japanese Laid Open Patent  
Application (JP-A-Heisei 10-340048). In this  
reference, when a message is given, divisional  
data of the message are inputted and monomorphism  
10 expansion processing is carried out to output a  
data which is longer than the divisional data.  
Also, a hash value is generated by a hash  
function which contains a multiplying process and  
circulated shifting process. In this way, a hash  
15 value and a key or a ciphertext with a high data  
distortion are quickly generated.

Also, a computer supporting exchanging method of an encrypt key between a user computer unit U and a network computer unit N is disclosed in Japanese Laid Open Patent Application (JP-A-Heisei 10-510692). In this reference, the length of a message to be transmitted is reduced. The first intermediate key and the second intermediate key are generated in dependence on the random numbers. In a network computer unit and a user computer unit, by carrying out the exclusion OR calculation of the first

intermediate key and the second intermediate key for every bit, a session key is calculated. This key is not absolutely transmitted in a plaintext. For example, a predetermined function such as a symmetrical encrypting function, a hash function and a one-way function is used. Thus, the network computer unit and the user computer unit are verified each other.

10

### Summary of the Invention

Therefore, an object of the present invention is to provide an encrypting and/or decrypting apparatus which has endurance to cryptanalysis methods such as a simple power analysis and a differential power analysis.

Another object of the present invention is to provide an encrypting and/or decrypting apparatus in which the processing state of an encrypting and/or decrypting operation is changed based on random number.

Still another object of the present invention is to provide an encrypting and/or decrypting apparatus in which intermediate data of an encrypting and/or decrypting operation is changed based on random number.

Yet still another object of the present invention is to provide an encrypting and/or

000240 "STHESSD 0553415 042000



decrypting apparatus in which an encrypting and/or decrypting procedure of an encrypting and/or decrypting operation is changed based on random number.

5           It is an object of the present invention is to provide an encrypting and/or decrypting apparatus in which a delay time is inserted into an encrypting and/or decrypting operation based on random number.

10           Another object of the present invention is to provide an encrypting and/or decrypting method in which the processing state of an encrypting and/or decrypting operation is changed based on random number.

15           Still another object of the present invention is to provide a recording medium in which a program for the above encrypting and/or decrypting method is stored.

20           In order to achieve a first aspect of the present invention, an encrypting apparatus includes an encrypting operation section, a determining section and a control section. The encrypting operation section carries out an encrypting operation to a plaintext using  
25   intermediate data at each of a plurality of encrypting stages of the encrypting operation to produce a ciphertext. The encrypting operation

000240" ST4550

section outputs encrypting stage data indicating an encrypting state at each of the plurality of processing stages. The determining section determines whether the encrypting operation at a next encrypting stage should be changed, based on the encrypting stage data at a current encrypting stage from the encrypting operation section. The control section changing the encrypting operation at the next encrypting stage when it is determined that the encrypting operation at the next encrypting stage should be changed.

The determining section may determine whether the intermediate data at the next encrypting stage of the encrypting operation should be changed depending on at least a random number, based on the encrypting stage data at the current encrypting stage from the encrypting operation section. The encrypting stage data includes the intermediate data at the next encrypting stage. In this case, the control section changes the intermediate data at the next encrypting stage depending on the random number. Also, the control section may change the intermediate data at the next encrypting stage depending on the plaintext or a data dependent on the plaintext in place of the random number.

Also, the determining section may determine

000240" 5745560



000240"042000

In order to achieve a second aspect of the present invention, a decrypting apparatus includes a decrypting operation section, a determining section and a control section. The decrypting operation section carries out a decrypting operation to a ciphertext using intermediate data at each of a plurality of decrypting stages of the decrypting operation to produce a plaintext. The decrypting operation section outputs decrypting stage data indicating a decrypting state at each of the plurality of decrypting stages. The determining section determines whether the decrypting operation at a next decrypting stage should be changed, based on the decrypting stage data at a current decrypting stage from the decrypting operation section. The control section changes the decrypting operation at the next decrypting stage when it is determined that the decrypting operation at the next decrypting stage should be changed.

Here, the determining section may determine whether the intermediate data at the next decrypting stage of the decrypting operation should be changed depending on at least a random number, based on the decrypting stage data at the current decrypting stage from the decrypting operation section. Also, the stage data includes

5 Also, the control section may change the intermediate data at the next decrypting stage depending on the ciphertext or a data dependent on the ciphertext in place of the random number.

Also, the determining section determines  
25 whether the decrypting operation at the next  
decrypting stage should be changed depending on  
at least a random number, based on the stage data

10  
15  
20  
25

Here, the determining section may determine  
25 whether the first intermediate data at the next  
encrypting stage of the encrypting operation  
should be changed depending on at least a first

Here, the determining section may determine  
25 whether the first intermediate data at the next  
encrypting stage of the encrypting operation  
should be changed depending on at least a first

random number, based on the encrypting stage data  
at the current encrypting stage from the  
encrypting and decrypting operation section, and  
determine whether the second intermediate data at  
5 the next decrypting stage of the decrypting  
operation should be changed depending on at least  
a second random number, based on the decrypting  
stage data at the current decrypting stage from  
the encrypting and decrypting operation section.

10 The encrypting stage data includes the first  
intermediate data at the next encrypting stage  
and the decrypting stage data includes the second  
intermediate data for the next decrypting stage.  
In this case, the control section changes the  
15 first intermediate data at the next encrypting  
stage depending on the first random number and  
changes the second intermediate data at the next  
decrypting stage depending on the second random  
number. Also, the control section may change the  
20 first intermediate data at the next encrypting  
stage depending on the inputted text or a data  
dependent on the inputted text in place of the  
first random number, and change the second  
intermediate data at the next decrypting stage  
25 depending on the inputted text or the data  
dependent on the inputted text in place of the  
second random number.

0000240"STHESS60



Also, the determining section may determine whether an encrypting procedure at the next encrypting stage of the encrypting operation should be changed depending on at least a first random number, based on the encrypting stage data at the current encrypting stage from the encrypting and decrypting operation section, and determine whether a decrypting procedure at the next decrypting stage of the decrypting operation should be changed depending on at least a second random number, based on the decrypting stage data at the current decrypting stage from the encrypting and decrypting operation section. In this case, the control section changes the encrypting procedure at the next encrypting stage of the encrypting operation depending on the first random number and changes the decrypting procedure at the next decrypting stage of the decrypting operation depending on the second random number. Also, the control section may change the encrypting procedure at the next encrypting stage of the encrypting operation depending on the inputted text or a data dependent on the inputted text in place of the first random number, and change the decrypting procedure at the next decrypting stage of the decrypting operation depending on the inputted

text or the data dependent on the inputted text  
in place of the second random number.

Also, the determining section may determine  
whether the encrypting operation at the next  
5 encrypting stage should be changed depending on  
at least a first random number, based on the  
encrypting stage data at the current encrypting  
stage from the encrypting and decrypting  
operation section, and determine whether the  
10 decrypting operation at the next decrypting stage  
should be changed depending on at least a second  
random number, based on the decrypting stage data  
at the current decrypting stage from the  
encrypting and decrypting operation section. In  
15 this case, the control section inserts a first  
delay time in the encrypting operation at the  
next encrypting stage depending on the first  
random number and inserts a second delay time in  
the decrypting operation at the next decrypting  
20 stage depending on the second random number.  
Also, the control section may insert the first  
delay time in the encrypting operation at the  
next encrypting stage depending on the inputted  
text or a data dependent on the inputted text in  
25 place of the first random number, and insert the  
second delay time in the decrypting operation at  
the next decrypting stage depending on the

000240"STE5560

inputted text or the data dependent on the  
inputted text in place of the second random  
number.

000240" ST4E56D  
In order to achieve a fourth aspect of the  
5 present invention, an encrypting method includes  
(a) determining whether an encrypting operation  
at a current encrypting stage should be changed,  
based on encrypting stage data at a previous  
encrypting stage, the encrypting stage data at  
10 the previous encrypting stage indicating an  
encrypting state at the previous encrypting  
stage; (b) changing the encrypting operation at  
the current encrypting stage when it is  
determined that the encrypting operation at the  
15 current encrypting stage should be changed; (c)  
carrying out the encrypting operation at the  
current encrypting stage to a plaintext using  
intermediate data at the current encrypting  
stage; and (d) executing the steps (a) to (c) to  
20 each of a plurality of the encrypting stages of  
the encrypting operation to produce a ciphertext.

Here, the determining may include:  
determining whether the intermediate data at the  
current encrypting stage of the encrypting  
25 operation should be changed depending on at least  
a random number, based on the encrypting stage  
data at the previous encrypting stage. The

5

10

25

the encrypting stage data at the previous encrypting stage. Also, the changing may include: inserting a delay time in the encrypting operation at the current encrypting stage

5 depending on the random number. In this case, the changing may include: inserting the delay time in the encrypting operation at the current encrypting stage depending on the plaintext or a data dependent on the plaintext in place of the  
10 random number.

Also, in order to a fifth aspect of the present invention, a decrypting method includes: (a) determining whether a decrypting operation at a current decrypting stage should be changed,  
15 based on decrypting stage data at a previous decrypting stage, the decrypting stage data at the previous decrypting stage indicating an decrypting state at each of the plurality of processing stages; (b) changing the decrypting  
20 operation at the current decrypting stage when it is determined that the decrypting operation at the next decrypting stage should be changed; (c) carrying out the decrypting operation at the current decrypting stage to a ciphertext using  
25 intermediate data at the current decrypting stage; and (d) executing the steps (a) to (c) to each of a plurality of decrypting stages to

000240" STES560

Here, the determining may include:

Also, the determining may include:  
determining whether a decrypting procedure at the  
current decrypting stage of the decrypting  
20 operation should be changed depending on at least  
a random number, based on the decrypting stage  
data at the previous decrypting stage. In this  
case, the changing may include: changing the  
decrypting procedure at the current decrypting  
25 stage of the decrypting operation depending on  
the random number. Also, the changing includes:  
changing the decrypting procedure at the current

Also, the determining may include:

determining whether a decrypting procedure at the current decrypting stage of the decrypting operation should be changed depending on at least a random number, based on the decrypting stage data at the previous decrypting stage. In this case, the changing may include: changing the decrypting procedure at the current decrypting stage of the decrypting operation depending on the random number. Also, the changing includes: changing the decrypting procedure at the current

decrypting stage of the decrypting operation  
depending on the ciphertext or a data dependent  
on the ciphertext in place of the random number.

Also, the determining may include:

5 determining whether the decrypting operation at  
the current decrypting stage should be changed  
depending on at least a random number, based on  
the decrypting stage data at the previous  
decrypting stage. In this case, the changing may  
10 include: inserting a delay time in the decrypting  
operation at the current decrypting stage  
depending on the random number. Also, the  
changing may include: inserting the delay time in  
the decrypting operation at the current  
15 decrypting stage depending on the ciphertext or a  
data dependent on the ciphertext in place of the  
random number.

In order to achieve a sixth aspect of the present invention, an encrypting and decrypting method include: (a) determining whether an inputted instruction is an encrypt instruction or a decrypt instruction; (b) determining whether the encrypting operation to a text at a current encrypting stage of an encrypting operation should be changed, based on the encrypting stage data at a previous encrypting stage, the encrypting stage data at the current encrypting

stage indicating an encrypting state at the  
current encrypting stage; (c) changing the  
encrypting operation to the text at the current  
encrypting stage when it is determined that the  
5 encrypting operation to the text at the current  
encrypting stage should be changed; (d) carrying  
out the encrypting operation to the text using  
first intermediate data at current encrypting  
stage of the encrypting operation; (e) executing  
10 the steps (b) to (d) to each of a plurality of  
encrypting stages of the encrypting operation to  
the text in response to the encrypt instruction  
to produce a ciphertext; (f) determining whether  
the decrypting operation to the text at a current  
15 decrypting stage should be changed, based on the  
decrypting stage data at a previous decrypting  
stage, the decrypting stage data at the current  
decrypting stage indicating an decrypting state  
at the current decrypting stage; (g changing the  
20 decrypting operation to the text at the current  
decrypting stage when it is determined that the  
decrypting operation to the text at the current  
decrypting stage should be changed; (h) carrying  
out the decrypting operation to the text to a  
25 second ciphertext using second intermediate data  
at the current decrypting stage; and (i)  
executing the steps (f) to (h) for each of a

000240" STHESS60



plurality of decrypting stages of the encrypting operation to the text in response to the decrypt instruction to produce a plaintext.

Here, the (b) determining may include:

- 5 determining whether the first intermediate data at the current encrypting stage of the encrypting operation should be changed depending on at least a first random number, based on the encrypting stage data at the previous encrypting stage. The
- 10 (f) determining may include: determining whether the second intermediate data at the current decrypting stage of the decrypting operation should be changed depending on at least a second random number, based on the decrypting stage data
- 15 at the previous decrypting stage. The encrypting stage data includes the first intermediate data at the current encrypting stage and the decrypting stage data includes the second intermediate data for the current decrypting
- 20 stage. In this case, the (c) changing may include: changing the first intermediate data at the current encrypting stage depending on the first random number. Also, the (g) changing may include: changing the second intermediate data at
- 25 the current decrypting stage depending on the second random number. In this case, the (c) changing may include: changing the first

000240 "ST4E5560

5

10

15

20

25

Also, the (b) determining may include:  
determining whether the encrypting operation at  
the current encrypting stage should be changed  
depending on at least a first random number,  
based on the encrypting stage data at the  
previous encrypting stage, and the (f)  
determining may include: determining whether the  
decrypting operation at the current decrypting  
stage should be changed depending on at least a  
second random number, based on the decrypting  
stage data at the previous decrypting stage. In  
this case, the (c) changing may include:  
inserting a first delay time in the encrypting  
operation at the current encrypting stage  
depending on the first random number, and the (g)  
changing may include: inserting a second delay  
time in the decrypting operation at the current  
decrypting stage depending on the second random

In order to achieve a seventh aspect of the present invention, a recording medium stores a problem for an encrypting method. The encrypting method includes: (a) determining whether an encrypting operation at a current encrypting stage should be changed, based on encrypting stage data at a previous encrypting stage, the encrypting stage data at the previous encrypting stage indicating an encrypting state at the previous encrypting stage; (b) changing the encrypting operation at the current encrypting stage when it is determined that the encrypting operation at the current encrypting stage should be changed; (c) carrying out the encrypting operation at the current encrypting stage to a plaintext using intermediate data at the current encrypting stage; and (d) executing the steps (a)

In order to achieve a seventh aspect of the present invention, a recording medium stores a problem for an encrypting method. The encrypting method includes: (a) determining whether an encrypting operation at a current encrypting stage should be changed, based on encrypting stage data at a previous encrypting stage, the encrypting stage data at the previous encrypting stage indicating an encrypting state at the previous encrypting stage; (b) changing the encrypting operation at the current encrypting stage when it is determined that the encrypting operation at the current encrypting stage should be changed; (c) carrying out the encrypting operation at the current encrypting stage to a plaintext using intermediate data at the current encrypting stage; and (d) executing the steps (a)

to (c) to each of a plurality of the encrypting stages of the encrypting operation to produce a ciphertext.

000240" 574550  
In order to achieve an eighth aspect of the present invention, a recording medium stores a  
5 program for a decrypting method. The decrypting method includes: (a) determining whether a decrypting operation at a current decrypting stage should be changed, based on decrypting  
10 stage data at a previous decrypting stage, the decrypting stage data at the previous decrypting stage indicating an decrypting state at each of the plurality of processing stages; (b) changing the decrypting operation at the current  
15 decrypting stage when it is determined that the decrypting operation at the next decrypting stage should be changed; (c) carrying out the decrypting operation at the current decrypting stage to a ciphertext using intermediate data at  
20 the current decrypting stage; and (d) executing the steps (a) to (c) to each of a plurality of decrypting stages to produce a plaintext.

In order to achieve a ninth aspect of the present invention, a recording medium stores a  
25 problem for an encrypting and decrypting method. The encrypting and decrypting method includes:  
(a) determining whether an inputted instruction

is an encrypt instruction or a decrypt  
instruction; (b) determining whether the  
encrypting operation to a text at a current  
encrypting stage of an encrypting operation  
5 should be changed, based on the encrypting stage  
data at a previous encrypting stage, the  
encrypting stage data at the current encrypting  
stage indicating an encrypting state at the  
current encrypting stage; (c) changing the  
10 encrypting operation to a text at the current  
encrypting stage when it is determined that the  
encrypting operation to a text at the current  
encrypting stage should be changed; (d) carrying  
out the encrypting operation to to a text using  
15 first intermediate data at current encrypting  
stage of the encrypting operation; (e) executing  
the steps (b) to (d) for each of a plurality of  
encrypting stages of the encrypting operation to  
the text in response to the encrypt instruction  
20 to produce a ciphertext; (f) determining whether  
the decrypting operation to the text at a current  
decrypting stage should be changed, based on the  
decrypting stage data at a previous decrypting  
stage, the decrypting stage data at the current  
25 decrypting stage indicating an decrypting state  
at the current decrypting stage; (g) changing the  
decrypting operation to the text at the current

000240"STHE550

decrypting stage when it is determined that the  
decrypting operation to the text at the current  
decrypting stage should be changed; (h) carrying  
out the decrypting operation to the text to a  
5 second ciphertext using second intermediate data  
at the current decrypting stage; and (i)  
executing the steps (f) to (h) for each of a  
plurality of decrypting stages of the encrypting  
operation to the text in response to the decrypt  
10 instruction to produce a plaintext.

#### **Brief Description of the Drawings**

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the  
structure of an encrypting apparatus according to  
15 a first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a flow chart showing the process  
of the encrypting apparatus according to the  
first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing the  
20 structure of the encrypting apparatus according  
to a second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 4 is a flow chart showing the process  
of the encrypting apparatus according to the  
second embodiment of the present invention;

25 Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing the  
structure of the encrypting apparatus according  
to a third embodiment of the present invention;

000240 514E550

Fig. 6 is a flow chart showing the process of the encrypting apparatus according to the third embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 7 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting apparatus according to the fourth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 8 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting apparatus according to the fifth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 9 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting apparatus according to the sixth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 10 is a block diagram showing the structure of a decrypting apparatus according to the seventh embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 11 is a block diagram showing the structure of the decrypting apparatus according to the eighth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 12 is a block diagram showing the structure of the decrypting apparatus according to the ninth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 13 is a block diagram showing the structure of the decrypt apparatus according to the tenth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 14 is a block diagram showing the

000240 "STHESES"



structure of the decrypting apparatus according to the eleventh embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 15 is a block diagram showing the structure of the decrypting apparatus according to the twelveth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 16 is a block diagram showing the structure of an encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the thirteenth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 17 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the fourteenth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 18 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the fifteenth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 19 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the sixteenth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 20 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the seventeenth embodiment of the present invention;

000240" STHESS60



calculation the operation of the RC5-32/12/16  
encrypting operation section in a third specific  
example of the encrypting apparatus of the present  
invention; and

5           Fig. 28 is a block diagram showing the  
structure of the encrypting apparatus in the third  
specific example of the encrypting apparatus of  
the present invention.

## 10           Description of the Preferred Embodiments

Next, an encrypting and/or decrypting  
apparatus of the present invention will be  
described below in detail with reference to the  
attached drawings.

15

### (1) First embodiment

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the  
structure of an encrypting apparatus according to  
the first embodiment of the present invention.

20

Referring to Fig. 1, the encrypting  
apparatus in the first embodiment is composed of  
an input unit 110, an encryption processing unit  
120, a storage unit 130, a random number  
generating unit 140 and an output unit 150. The  
25 encryption processing unit 120 is composed of an  
encrypting operation section 121, a random number  
dependence determining section 122 and an

000240" STE 550

The input unit 110 supplies a plaintext as the object of an encrypting operation to the encryption processing unit 120.

5           The encryption processing unit 120 encrypts  
the plaintext supplied from the input unit 110  
based on random numbers supplied from the random  
number generating unit 140 using an encrypt key  
stored in the encryption processing unit 120 so  
10 that a ciphertext is outputted from the output  
unit 150.

The encrypting operation section 121 encrypts the plaintext supplied from the input unit 110 using the encrypt key stored in the encrypting operation section 121. The encrypting operation is composed of plurality of processing stages. The encrypting operation section 121 informs the stage data indicating the processing state of the encrypting operation at each of the plurality of stages during execution of the encrypting operation to the random number dependence determining section 122. Also, the encrypting operation section 121 stores intermediate data at each processing stage during the encrypting operation in the intermediate data storage section 131 of the storage unit 130. The encrypting operation section 121 carries out the

encrypting operation using the intermediate data changed in response to an intermediate data changing request from the intermediate data control section 123. Thus, the encrypting  
5 operation is changed. The encrypting operation section 121 finally outputs a ciphertext obtained by encrypting the plaintext.

The random number dependence determining section 122 determines whether or not the  
10 intermediate data changing request should be outputted to the intermediate data control section 123, based on stage data at each processing stage of the encrypting operation from the encrypting operation section 121. The random  
15 number dependence determining section 122 outputs the intermediate data changing request to the intermediate data control section 123, when it is determined that intermediate data changing request should is outputted, that is, when the  
20 current stage of the encrypting operation is determined to be the stage to which a random number dependent operation should be applied.

The intermediate data control section 123 sends a random number generating request in  
25 response to the intermediate data changing request outputted from random number dependence determining section 122 to the random number

000240"STHE5560

generating unit 140. Then, the intermediate data control section 123 receives random numbers from the random number generating unit 140 and changes the intermediate data stored in the intermediate data storage section 131 based on the received random numbers. Hereinafter, this operation is referred to as a random number dependent intermediate data changing operation. It should be noted that the intermediate data control section 123 carries out the random number dependent intermediate data changing operation plural times to cancel the influence of the random numbers. Therefore, the final ciphertext does not depend on the random numbers outputted from the random number generating section 140. It should be noted that it is sufficient that at least a random number is generated, although the random numbers are generated in the first embodiment. This is applied to the following embodiments.

The intermediate data storage section 131 of the storage section 130 stores the intermediate data during the encrypting operation from the encryption processing unit 120. As described above, when the intermediate data changing request is outputted from the random number dependence determining section 122 to the

intermediate data control section 123, the intermediate data stored in the intermediate data storage section 131 is operated by the intermediate data control section 123.

5           The random number generating unit 140 generates the random numbers in response to the random number generating request from the encryption processing unit 120 to outputs to the encryption processing unit 120.

10           Fig. 2 is a flow chart showing the operation of the encrypting apparatus according to the first embodiment. The operation of the encrypting apparatus in the first embodiment will be described in detail with reference to Fig. 2.

15           First, the plaintext which should be encrypted is supplied from the input unit 110 to the encrypting operation section 121 in the encryption processing unit 120 (at a step A1 of Fig. 2).

20           The encrypting operation section 121 outputs the encrypting stage data at an encrypting stage of the encrypting operation by the encrypting operation section 121 to the random number dependence determining section 122  
25 as the encrypting stage data at a previous encrypting stage.

          The random number dependence determining

000240" SHEET 50

section 122 determines based on the encrypting stage data at the previous encrypting stage, whether or not a current stage of the encrypting operation is the stage to change the intermediate data stored in the intermediate data storage section 131 in dependence on the random numbers. When the current stage is determined to be the stage which the intermediate data should be changed in dependence on the random numbers, the random number dependence determining section 122 outputs the intermediate data changing request to the intermediate data control section 123.

The intermediate data control section 123 determines whether or not the intermediate data changing request is outputted from the random number dependence determining section 122 (Step A2).

The intermediate data control section 123 receives the intermediate data changing request and sends the random number generating request to the random number generating unit 140, when it is determined at the step A2 that the intermediate data changing request is outputted. Also, the intermediate data control section 123 receives the random numbers outputted from the random number generating unit 140 based on the random number generating request (Step A3).

000240"STEP550



000240" STE550

The intermediate data control section 123 receives the random numbers and carries out the random numbers dependent intermediate data changing operation to change the intermediate data stored in the intermediate data storage section 131 of the storage unit 130 based on the received random numbers (Step A4). The intermediate data is the data needed by the encrypting operation section 121 in the current encrypting stage of the encrypting operation. Through the change of the intermediate data, the encrypting operation at the current encrypting stage is changed.

The encryption operation section 121 executes the encrypting operation for a single stage, when the random number dependent intermediate data changing operation of the step A4 is ended, or when it is determined at the step A2 that the intermediate data changing request is not outputted (Step A5).

The encrypting operation section 121 determines whether or not the encrypting operation is ended, after the encrypting operation is executed for the single stage (Step A6). The encrypting operation section 121 outputs a ciphertext to the output unit 150, when it is determined at the step A6 that the encrypting

operation is ended (Step A7). In this way, the whole processing ends.

On the other hand, when the encrypting operation section 121 determines at the step A6 5 that the encrypting operation does not end, the control returns to the step A2 to continue the encrypting operation.

In the first embodiment, the intermediate data, i.e., the necessary data in each encrypting 10 stage of the encrypting operation is changed dependent on the random numbers. It is supposed that the electric power is measured during calculation of the intermediate data, to intend to read out the stored intermediate data. In this 15 case, the values of the intermediate data are influenced by the random numbers. Therefore, it is difficult to determine whether or not the change of power consumption is caused based on the data needed in the actual encrypting 20 operation. Thus, the encrypting apparatus of the present invention has endurance to the cryptanalysis using the simple power analysis and the differential power analysis.

25 (2) Second embodiment

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting apparatus according

000240 "STE350

to the second embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 3, the encrypting apparatus in the second embodiment is composed of  
5 an input unit 310, an encryption processing unit 320, a storage unit 330, a random number generating unit 340 and an output unit 350. The encryption processing unit 320 is composed of an encrypting operation section 321, a random number  
10 dependence determining section 322 and a conditional branch control unit 323.

The input unit 310 supplies a plaintext as the object of an encrypting operation to the encryption processing unit 320.

15 The encryption processing unit 320 encrypts the plaintext supplied from the input unit 310, based on the random numbers supplied from the random number generating unit 340 using an encrypt key stored in the encryption processing  
20 unit 320, so that a ciphertext is outputted from the output unit 350.

The encrypting operation section 321 encrypts the plaintext supplied from the input unit 310 using the encrypt key stored in the  
25 encrypting operation section 321. The encrypting operation section 321 outputs the encrypting stage data indicating the encrypting state at each

000240" STE 550

000240"54E3560

of a plurality of encrypting stages of the encrypting operation to the random number dependence determining section 322. The encrypting operation section 321 receives an encrypting operation changing request dependent on the random numbers from the conditional branch control unit 323. The changing request includes the determination of an instruction execution sequence and the selection of an actually executed process procedure from among a plurality of processing procedures. The determination and the selection are dependent on the random numbers. Thus, the encrypting state of the encrypting operation can be changed in dependence on the random numbers. The encrypting operation section 321 executes the encrypting operation while changing the encrypting state at each encrypting stage. Finally, the encrypting operation section 321 outputs the ciphertext obtained by encrypting a plaintext finally.

It should be noted that the encrypting operation section 321 sends stage data indicating the current stage of the encrypting operation by the encrypting operation section 321 during the execution of the encrypting operation to the random number dependence determining section 322.

The random number dependence determining

section 322 determines whether or not the conditional branch determining request should be outputted to the conditional branch control section 323, based on the encrypting stage data from the encrypting operation section 321. The random number dependence determining section 322 outputs a conditional branch determining request to the conditional branch control section 324, when it is determined that the conditional branch determining request should be outputted, that is, when the current encrypting stage of the encrypting operation is determined to be the stage to which a random number dependent operation should be applied.

15           The conditional branch control unit 323 sends the random number generating request to the random number generating unit 340, when the conditional branch determining request is supplied from the random number dependence determining section 322. Then, the conditional branch control unit 323 acquires the random numbers. The conditional branch control unit 323 operates the random number dependent conditional branch determining operation based on the acquired random numbers. That is, the conditional branch control unit 323 carries out the operation to determine the execution sequence of the

plurality of encrypting operation procedures such that the output of the encrypting operation section 321 does not change even if the execution sequence is changed. Also, the conditional branch control unit 323 carries out to the operation to select one of the plurality of execution processing procedures such that the output of the encrypting operation section 321 does not change even if any of the plurality of processing procedures is carried out.

It should be noted that the conditional branch control unit 323 carries out the random number dependent conditional branch determining operation such that the output of the encrypting operation section 321 does not depend on the random numbers as mentioned above. Thus, the ciphertext as the final output does not depend on the random numbers which are outputted from the random number generating section 340.

The storage 330 is composed of an intermediate data storage section 331. The intermediate data storage section 331 stores the intermediate data to be held during the encrypting operation by the encryption processing unit 320.

The random number generating unit 340 generates the random numbers in response to the

000240"57E550

random number generating request from the encryption processing unit 320 to outputs to the encryption processing unit 320.

Fig. 4 is a flow chart showing the encrypting operation of the encrypting apparatus in the second embodiment. The encrypting operation is composed of a step B1 of supplying a plaintext, a step B2 of determining existence or non-existence of the conditional branch determining request, a step B3 of outputting the random numbers, a step B4 of carrying out the random number dependent conditional branch determining operation, a step B5 of carrying out one encrypting stage of the encrypting operation, a step B6 of determining the end of the encrypting operation, and a step B7 of outputting a ciphertext.

Next, the operation of the whole encrypting apparatus according to the second embodiment will be described in detail with reference to Fig. 4.

First, a plaintext which should be encrypted is supplied from the input unit 310 to the encrypting operation section 321 in the encryption processing unit 320 (at a step B1 of Fig. 4).

The encrypting operation section 321 outputs the encrypting stage data of the

encrypting operation by the encrypting operation section 321 to the random number dependence determining section 322 as the encrypting stage data at a previous encrypting stage.

5           The random number dependence determining section 322 determines based on the encrypting stage data at the previous encrypting stage of the encrypting operation, whether or not the current encrypting stage of the encrypting  
10 operation is the stage to determine a random number dependent conditional branch. When the current encrypting stage is determined to be the stage to determine the random number dependent conditional branch, the random number dependence  
15 determining section 322 outputs the conditional branch determining request to the conditional branch control section 323.

          The conditional branch control section 323 determines whether or not the conditional branch  
20 determining request is outputted from the random number dependence determining section 122 (Step B2).

          The conditional branch control section 323 receives the conditional branch determining  
25 request, and sends the random number generating request to the random number generating unit 340, when it is determined at the step B2 that the

000040"54E550



conditional branch determining request is  
outputted. Also, the conditional branch control  
section 323 receives the random numbers outputted  
from the random number generating unit 340 based  
5 on the conditional branch determining request  
(Step B3).

The conditional branch control section 323  
carries out the random number dependent  
conditional branch determining operation based on  
10 the random numbers, to select one to be actually  
carried out of a plurality of processing  
procedures which have the same output result in  
dependence on the received random numbers (Step  
B4).

15 The encryption operation section 321  
carries out the encrypting operation for a single  
stage when the random number dependent  
conditional branch determining operation of the  
step B4 is ended, or when it is determined at the  
20 step B2 that the conditional branch determining  
request is not outputted (Step B5).

The encrypting operation section 321  
determines whether or not the encrypting  
operation is ended, after the encrypting  
25 operation is executed for the single stage (Step  
B6).

The encrypting operation section 321

000240" STESS60

outputs a ciphertext to the output unit 350, when it is determined at the step B6 that the encrypting operation is ended (Step B7). In this way, the whole processing ends.

5           On the other hand, when the encrypting operation section 321 determines at the step B6 that the encrypting operation does not end, the control returns to the step B2 to continue the encrypting operation.

10           In the second embodiment, the order and kind of the encrypting operation to be executed is changed based on the random numbers. Therefore, the encrypting operation procedures carried out in the encryption processing unit 320  
15 are different depending on the random numbers. Thus, it is difficult to determine which of the encrypting operations corresponds to the change of the consumption power, even if the change of the consumption power is measured. Therefore, the  
20 encrypting apparatus has the endurance to the cryptanalysis such as the simple power analysis and the power differential analysis.

### (3) Third embodiment

25           Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting apparatus according to the third embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 5, the encrypting apparatus in the third embodiment is composed of an input unit 510, an encryption processing unit 520, a storage unit 530, a random number  
5 generating unit 540 and an output unit 550. The encryption processing unit 520 is composed of an encrypting operation section 521, a random number dependence determining section 522 and a delay control unit 523.

10           The input unit 510 supplies a plaintext as the object of an encrypting operation to the encryption processing unit 520.

          The encryption processing unit 520 encrypts the plaintext supplied from the input unit 510,  
15 based on the random numbers supplied from the random number generating unit 540 using an encrypt key stored in the encryption processing unit 520 so that a ciphertext is outputted from the output unit 550.

20           The encrypting operation section 521 encrypts the plaintext supplied from the input unit 510 using the encrypt key stored in the encrypting operation section 521. The encrypting operation section 521 outputs encrypting state  
25 data indicating the encrypting state at each of a plurality of encrypting stages of the encrypting operation to the random number dependence

000240" 5TH 550

000240"STE560

determining section 522. The encrypting operation  
section 521 receives a random number dependent  
execution delay time changing request from the  
delay control unit 523. The encrypting operation  
5 section 521 executes the encrypting operation  
while changing the encrypting state at each of  
the plurality of processing stages of the  
encrypting operation. The encrypting operation  
section 521 finally outputs the ciphertext  
10 obtained by encrypting the plaintext.

It should be noted that the encrypting  
operation section 521 sends the current  
encrypting stage of the encrypting operation by  
the encrypting operation section 521 at each of  
15 the plurality of encrypting stages during the  
execution of the encrypting operation to the  
random number dependence determining section 522.  
Thus, the processing state of the encrypting  
operation can be changed in dependence on the  
20 random numbers with the appropriate stage.

The random number dependence determining  
section 522 determines whether or not the delay  
time determinating request should be outputted to  
the delay control section 523, based on the  
25 encrypting operation state data from the  
encrypting operation section 521. The random  
number dependence determining section 522 outputs

the delay time determining request to the delay control section 523, when it is determined that the delay time determining request should be outputted, that is, when the current processing  
5 stage of the encrypting operation is determined to be the stage to which a random number dependent operation should be applied.

The delay control unit 523 sends the delay time determining request to the random number  
10 generating unit 540, when the delay time determining request is supplied from the random number dependence determining section 522. Then, the delay control unit 523 generates a random number generating request to the random number  
15 generating unit 540. The random number generating unit 540 generates the random numbers. Thus, the delay control unit 523 acquires the random numbers. The delay control unit 523 carries out the random number dependent delay inserting  
20 operation based on the acquired random numbers. That is, the delay control unit 523 carries out the operation to determine the execution delay time during the encrypting operation and to intentionally insert the determined delay into  
25 the encrypting operation.

It should be noted that the delay control unit 523 controls the random number dependence

000240"STHE550

delay time inserting operation by the encrypting operation section 521 in the encrypting operation. The insertion of the delay time does not influence the data necessary for the encrypting operation. Therefore, the ciphertext finally outputted from the encrypting operation section 521 does not depend on the random numbers outputted from the random numbers generating section 540.

10           The storage unit 530 is composed of an intermediate data storage section 531. The intermediate data storage section 531 stores the intermediate data to be held in the encrypting operation by the encryption processing unit 520.

15           The random number generating unit 540 generates the random numbers in response to the random number generating request from the encryption processing unit 520 to outputs to the encryption processing unit 520.

20           Fig. 6 is a flow chart showing the processing of the encrypting apparatus in the third embodiment. The processing is composed of a step C1 of supplying a plaintext, a step C2 of determining existence or non-existence of the delay time determining request, a step C3 of outputting the random numbers, a step C4 of carrying out the random number dependent delay

25

000240"STHES560

time inserting operation, a step C5 of carrying  
out one encrypting stage of the encrypting  
operation, a step C6 of determining the end of  
the encrypting operation, and a step C7 of  
5 outputting a ciphertext.

Next, the operation of the whole encrypting  
apparatus according to the third embodiment will  
be described in detail with reference to Fig. 5  
and Fig. 6.

10 First, a plaintext which should be  
encrypted is supplied from the input unit 510 to  
the encrypting operation section 521 in the  
encryption processing unit 520 (at a step C1 of  
Fig. 6).

15 The encrypting operation section 521  
outputs the stage data of the encrypting  
operation by the encrypting operation section 521  
to the random number dependence determining  
section 522 as the stage data at a previous  
20 stage.

The random number dependence determining  
section 522 determines based on the encrypting  
stage data of the encrypting operation, whether  
or not the current encrypting stage of the  
25 encrypting operation is the stage to insert the  
delay time in dependence on the random numbers.  
When the current encrypting stage is determined

000240" STESS60

to be the stage to insert the delay time in dependence on the random numbers, the random number dependence determining section 522 outputs the delay time determining request to the delay control section 523.

The delay control section 523 determines whether or not the delay time determining request is outputted from the random number dependence determining section 522 (Step C2).

10           The conditional branch control section 523 receives the delay time determining request and sends the delay time determining request to the random number generating unit 540, when it is determined at the step C2 that the delay time determining request is outputted. Also, the delay control section 523 receives the random numbers outputted from the random number generating unit 540 based on the delaytime determining request (Step C3).

20           The conditional branch control section 523 receives the random numbers and carries out the random number dependent delay time determining operation, and then requests the encrypting operation section 521 to intentionally insert the determined delay time in the encrypting operation (Step C4).

The encryption operation section 521

000040"STEP550



executes the encrypting operation for a single stage when the random number dependent delay time determining operation of the step C4 is ended, or when it is determined at the step C2 that the  
5 delay time determining request is not outputted (Step C5).

The encrypting operation section 521 determines whether or not the encrypting operation is ended, after the encrypting  
10 operation is executed for the single stage (Step C6).

The encrypting operation section 521 outputs a ciphertext to the output unit 550 when it is determined at the step C6 that the  
15 encrypting operation is ended (Step C7). In this way, the whole processing ends.

On the other hand, when the encrypting operation section 521 determines at the step C6 that the encrypting operation does not end, the  
20 control returns to the step C2 to continue the encrypting operation.

In the third embodiment, the random number dependent delay time is appropriately inserted in the encrypting operation. Therefore, the process  
25 time effective for the cryptanalysis is continuously changed. Thus, it is difficult to determine which of the process times is effective

000240" 6745550

for the cryptanalysis. Therefore, the encrypting apparatus has the endurance to the cryptanalysis such as the simple power analysis and the power differential analysis.

5           It should be noted that in the above first to third embodiments, the encrypt key is previously stored in the encrypting operation section (the encrypting operation section 121 in Fig. 1, the encrypting operation section 321 in 10 Fig. 3 and the encrypting operation section 521 in Fig. 5). However, the encrypt key may be supplied to the encrypting operation section from the input unit (input unit 110 in Fig. 1, input unit 310 in Fig. 3 and input unit 510 in Fig. 5), 15 in the encrypting apparatus in the above-mentioned embodiments. In this case, the encrypting operation section is supplied with the encrypt key and encrypts one or more plaintexts supplied thereto using the encrypt key and 20 outputs one or more ciphertexts. In the above structure, because the encrypt key can be supplied from outside, the encrypt key can be easily updated without changing the encrypting operation section itself.

25           Also, in the encrypting apparatus according to the above-mentioned first, second and third embodiments, it is possible to use data (the

000240" SHE 560

plaintext) itself which is supplied to the encryption processing unit (the encryption processing unit 120 in Fig. 1, the encryption processing unit 320 in Fig. 3 and the encryption processing unit 520 in Fig. 5) from the input unit or a data dependent on the data in place of the random numbers outputted from the random number generating unit (the random number generating unit 140 in Fig. 1, the random number generating unit 340 in Fig. 3 and the random number generating unit 540 in Fig. 5). The reason why the plaintext can be used as the "random numbers" and is effective in this way is that a cryptanalysis method proposed at present such as the simple power analysis and the power differential analysis is carried out based on the ciphertext and the power consumption. The plaintext is not used for the cryptanalysis method. Therefore, the plaintext can be used in place of the random numbers. It should be noted that the fact that "the data dependent on the plaintext" is used in place of the random numbers contains that the plaintext supplied from the input unit is encrypted by use of "another random number output key" in place of the encrypt key and the encrypting result is used in place of the random numbers. Such an encrypting apparatus

using the output of the encryption of the  
plaintext is contained in the present invention.

(4) Fourth embodiment

5           Fig. 7 is a block diagram showing the  
structure of the encrypting apparatus according  
to the fourth embodiment of the present  
invention.

Referring to Fig. 7, the encrypting  
10 apparatus in the fourth embodiment is different  
from that of the first embodiment shown in Fig. 1  
in the point that a recording medium 700 is  
provided to store a program for the encrypting  
operation by the encrypting apparatus. The  
15 recording medium 700 may be a magnetic disk, a  
semiconductor memory, CD-ROM (Compact Disk-Read  
Only Memory), or other recording media.

The encrypting operation program is read  
from the recording medium 700 into a computer  
20 system. The computer system is controlled based  
on the encrypting operation program to realize  
the input unit 110, the encryption processing  
unit 120 (the encrypting operation section 121,  
the random number dependence determining section  
25 122 and the intermediate data control section  
123), the storage unit 130 (the intermediate data  
storage section 131), the random number

generating unit 140 and the output unit 150. The operations of the input unit 110, encryption processing unit 120, storage unit 130, random number generating unit 140 and output unit 150 are the same as those of the first embodiment. Therefore, the detailed description is omitted.

(5) Fifth embodiment

Fig. 8 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting apparatus according to the fifth embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 8, the encrypting apparatus in the fifth embodiment is different from that of the first embodiment shown in Fig. 3 in the point that a recording medium 800 is provided to store a program for the encrypting operation by the encrypting apparatus. The recording medium 800 may be a magnetic disk, a semiconductor memory, CD-ROM (Compact Disk-Read Only Memory), or other recording media.

The encrypting operation program is read from the recording medium 800 into a computer system. The computer system is controlled based on the encrypting operation program to realize the input unit 310, the encryption processing unit 320 (the encrypting operation section 321, the random number dependence determining section

322 and the conditional branch control section  
323), the storage unit 330 (the intermediate data  
storage section 331), the random number  
generating unit 140 and the output unit 350. The  
5 operations of the input unit 310, encryption  
processing unit 320, storage unit 330, random  
number generating unit 140 and output unit 350  
are the same as those of the second embodiment.  
Therefore, the detailed description is omitted.

10

(6) Sixth embodiment

Fig. 9 is a block diagram showing the  
structure of the encrypting apparatus according  
to the sixth embodiment of the present invention.

15

Referring to Fig. 9, the encrypting  
apparatus in the fifth embodiment is different  
from that of the first embodiment shown in Fig. 5  
in the point that a recording medium 900 is  
provided to store a program for the encrypting  
20 operation by the encrypting apparatus. The  
recording medium 900 may be a magnetic disk, a  
semiconductor memory, CD-ROM (Compact Disk-Read  
Only Memory), or other recording media.

20

The encrypting operation program is read  
25 from the recording medium 900 into a computer  
system. The operation of the computer system is  
controlled based on the encrypting operation

program to realize the input unit 510, the encryption processing unit 520 (the encrypting operation section 521, the random number dependence determining section 522 and the delay control section 523), the storage unit 530 (the intermediate data storage section 531), the random number generating unit 540 and the output unit 550. The operations of the input unit 510, encryption processing unit 320, storage unit 530, random number generating unit 540 and output unit 550 are the same as those of the third embodiment. Therefore, the detailed description is omitted.

(7) Seventh embodiment

Fig. 10 is a block diagram showing the structure of a decrypting apparatus according to the seventh embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 10, the decrypting apparatus according to the seventh embodiment is composed of an input unit 1010, a decryption processing unit 1020, a storage unit 1030 composed of an intermediate data storage section 1031, a random number generating unit 1040 and an output unit 1050. The decryption processing unit 1020 is composed of a decrypting operation section 1021, a random number dependence

determining section 1022, and an intermediate data control section 1023.

The decrypting apparatus according to the seventh embodiment is composed of the input unit, the decryption processing unit, the storage unit, the random number generating unit and the output unit, as in the encrypting apparatus according to the first embodiment. In the first embodiment, a plaintext is supplied from the input unit 110, the encryption processing unit 120 encrypts the plaintext using an encrypt key and a ciphertext is output from the output unit 150. On the other hand, in the seventh embodiment, a ciphertext is supplied from the input unit 1010, the decryption processing unit 1020 carries out the decryption of the ciphertext using a decrypt key stored in the decryption processing unit 1020 and a plaintext is outputted from the output unit 1050.

The decrypting operation in the seventh embodiment is an inverse operation of the encrypting operation in the first embodiment. Therefore, the decrypting operation can be read by exchanging the plaintext and the ciphertext in the flow chart of Fig. 2. The structure and operations other than the above point are the same as those of the first embodiment.



(8) Eighth embodiment

Fig. 11 is a block diagram showing the structure of the decrypting apparatus according to the eighth embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 11, the decrypting apparatus according to the eighth embodiment is composed of an input unit 1110, a decryption processing unit 1120, a storage unit 1130 composed of an intermediate data storage section 1131, a random number generating unit 1140 and an output unit 1150. The decryption processing unit 1120 is composed of a decrypting operation section 1121, a random number dependence determining section 1122, and an conditional branch control section 1123.

The decrypt apparatus according to the eighth embodiment is composed of the input unit, the decryption processing unit, the storage unit, the random number generating unit and the output unit, as in the encrypting apparatus according to the second embodiment. In the second embodiment, a plaintext is supplied from the input unit 310, the encryption processing unit 320 encrypts the plaintext using an encrypt key and a ciphertext is output from the output unit 350. On the other hand, in the eighth embodiment, a ciphertext is

supplied from the input unit 1110, the decryption processing unit 1120 carries out the decryption of the ciphertext using a decrypt key stored in the decryption processing unit 1120 and a  
5 plaintext is outputted from the output unit 1150.

The decrypting operation in the eighth embodiment is an inverse operation of the encrypting operation in the second embodiment. Therefore, the decrypting operation can be read  
10 by exchanging the plaintext and the ciphertext in the flow chart of Fig. 4. The structure and the operations other than the above point are the same as those of the second embodiment.

15 (9) Ninth embodiment

Fig. 12 is a block diagram showing the structure of the decrypting apparatus according to the ninth embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 12, the decrypting  
20 apparatus according to the ninth embodiment is composed of an input unit 1210, a decryption processing unit 1220, a storage unit 1230 composed of an intermediate data storage section 1231, a random number generating unit 1240 and an  
25 output unit 1250. The decryption processing unit 1220 is composed of a decrypting operation section 1221, a random number dependence

000240"STHES60

determining section 1222, and a delay control section 1223.

000240" STE550

The decrypt apparatus according to the ninth embodiment is composed of the input unit, the decryption processing unit, the storage unit, the random number generating unit and the output unit as in the encrypting apparatus according to the third embodiment. In the third embodiment, a plaintext is supplied from the input unit 510, the encryption processing unit 520 encrypts the plaintext using an encrypt key and a ciphertext is output from the output unit 550. On the other hand, in the ninth embodiment, a ciphertext is supplied from the input unit 1210, the decryption processing unit 1220 carries out the decryption of the ciphertext using a decrypt key stored in the decryption processing unit 1120 and a plaintext is outputted from the output unit 1250.

The decrypting operation in the ninth embodiment is an inverse operation of the encrypting operation in the third embodiment. Therefore, the decrypting operation can be read by exchanging the plaintext and the ciphertext in the flow chart of Fig. 6. The structure and the operations other than the above point are the same as those of the third embodiment.

It should be noted that in the decrypting

apparatus according to the above-mentioned seventh, eighth and ninth embodiments, the decrypt key may be supplied from the input unit (the input unit 1010 in Fig. 10, the input unit 5 1110 in Fig. 11 or the input unit 1210 in Fig. 12) to the decrypting operation section (decrypting operation section 1021 in Fig. 10, decrypting operation section 1121 in Fig. 11 or decrypting operation section 1221 in Fig. 12).

10           Also, in the decrypting apparatus according to the above-mentioned seventh, eighth and ninth embodiments, it is possible to use a data (the ciphertext) itself supplied to the decryption processing unit (decryption processing unit 1020 15 in Fig. 10, decryption processing unit 1120 in Fig. 11 or decryption processing unit 1220 in Fig. 12) from the input unit or a data dependent on the data for the decrypting operation in place of the random numbers outputted from the random 20 number generating unit (the random number generating unit 1040 in Fig. 10, the random number generating unit 1140 in Fig. 11 or the random number generating unit 1240 in Fig. 12).

25   (10) Tenth embodiment

Fig. 13 is a block diagram showing the structure of the decrypting apparatus according

Referring to Fig. 13, the decrypting apparatus in the tenth embodiment is different from that of the seventh embodiment shown in Fig.

The decrypting operation program is read from the recording medium 1300 into the computer system. The computer system is controlled based on the decrypting operation program to realize the input unit 1010, the encryption processing unit 1020 (the encrypting operation section 1021, the random number dependence determining section 1022 and the intermediate data control section 1023), the storage unit 1030 (the intermediate data storage section 1031), the random number generating unit 1040 and the output unit 1050. The operations of the input unit 1010, encryption processing unit 1020, storage unit 1030, random number generating unit 1040 and output unit 1050 are the same as those of the seventh embodiment. Therefore, the detailed description is omitted.

(11) Eleventh embodiment

Fig. 14 is a block diagram showing the structure of the decrypting apparatus according to the eleventh embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 14, the decrypting apparatus in the eleventh embodiment is different from that of the eighth embodiment shown in Fig. 11 in the point that a recording medium 1400 is provided to store a program for the decrypting operation by the decrypting apparatus. The recording medium 1400 may be a magnetic disk, a semiconductor memory, CD-ROM (Compact Disk-Read Only Memory), or the other recording media.

The decrypting operation program is read from the recording medium 1400 into a computer system. The computer system is controlled based on the decrypting operation program to realize the input unit 1110, the encryption processing unit 1120 (the encrypting operation section 1121, the random number dependence determining section 1122 and the conditional branch control section 1123), the storage unit 1130 (the intermediate data storage section 1131), the random number generating unit 1140 and the output unit 1150. The operations of the input unit 1110, encryption processing unit 1120, storage unit 1130, random

number generating unit 1140 and output unit 1150 are the same as those of the eighth embodiment. Therefore, the detailed description is omitted.

5 (12) Twelveth embodiment

Fig. 15 is a block diagram showing the structure of the encrypting apparatus according to the twelveth embodiment of the present invention.

10 Referring to Fig. 15, the decrypting apparatus in the twelveth embodiment is different from that of the ninth embodiment shown in Fig. 12 in the point that a recording medium 1500 is provided to store a program for the decrypting  
15 operation by the decrypting apparatus. The recording medium 1500 may be a magnetic disk, a semiconductor memory, CD-ROM (Compact Disk-Read Only Memory), or other recording media.

The decrypting operation program is read  
20 from the recording medium 1500 into a computer system. The computer system is controlled based on the decrypting operation program to realize the input unit 1210, the encryption processing unit 1220 (the encrypting operation section 1221,  
25 the random number dependence determining section 1222 and the delay control section 1223), the storage unit 1230 (the intermediate data storage

000240"5T4E550

section 1231), the random number generating unit 1240 and the output unit 1250. The operations of the input unit 1210, encryption processing unit 1220, storage unit 1230, random number generating unit 1240 and output unit 1250 are the same as those of the ninth embodiment. Therefore, the detailed description is omitted.

(13) Thirteenth embodiment

Fig. 16 is a block diagram showing the structure of an encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the thirteenth embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 16, the encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the thirteen embodiment is composed of an input unit 1610, an encryption and decryption processing unit 1620, a storage unit 1630 composed of an intermediate data storage section 1631, a random number generating unit 1640 and an output unit 1050. The encryption and decryption processing unit 1620 is composed of an encrypting and decrypting operation section 1621, a random number dependence determining section 1622, and an intermediate data control section 1623.

The encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the thirteenth embodiment has the



function of the encrypting apparatus according to the first embodiment and the decrypting apparatus according to the seventh embodiment. The input unit 1610, the random number dependence

5 determining section 1622, the intermediate data control section 1623, the storage unit 1630, the random number generating unit 1640, and the output unit 1650 are the same as those having the same names in the first embodiment and the  
10 seventh embodiment.

The encrypting and decrypting operation section 1621 receives a first plaintext or a second ciphertext together with an encrypt instruction or a decrypt instruction from the  
15 input unit 1610. The encrypting and decrypting operation section 1621 carries out the encrypting operation to the first plaintext in response to the encrypt instruction while changing the encrypting states based on the random number  
20 dependent intermediate data changing operation from the intermediate data control section 1623. Also, the encrypting and decrypting operation section 1621 carries out the decrypting process to the first cipher text in response to the  
25 decrypt instruction while changing the decrypting states based on the random number dependent intermediate data changing operation from the

000240" 5THES60

intermediate data control section 1623. The  
encrypting and decrypting operation section 1621  
encrypts the first plaintext into a first  
ciphertext, which does not depend on the output  
5 of the random number generating unit 1640, and  
outputs the first ciphertext from the output unit  
1650. Also, the encrypting and decrypting  
operation section 1621 decrypts the second  
ciphertext into a second plaintext, which does  
10 not depend on the output of the random number  
generating unit 1640, and outputs the second  
plaintext from the output unit 1650.

(14) Fourteenth embodiment

15 Fig. 17 is a block diagram showing the  
structure of an encrypting and decrypting  
apparatus according to the fourteenth embodiment  
of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 17, the encrypting and  
20 decrypting apparatus according to the fourteenth  
embodiment is composed of an input unit 1710, an  
encryption and decryption processing unit 1720, a  
storage unit 1730 composed of an intermediate  
data storage section 1731, a random number  
25 generating unit 1740 and an output unit 1750. The  
encryption and decryption processing unit 1720 is  
composed of an encrypting and decrypting

0953415 "042000

operation section 1721, a random number dependence determining section 1722, and a conditional branch control section 1723.

The encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the fourteenth embodiment has the function of the encrypting apparatus according to the second embodiment and the function of the decrypting apparatus according to the eighth embodiment. The input unit 1710, the random number dependence determining section 1722, the intermediate data control section 1723, the storage unit 1730, the random number generating unit 1740, and the output unit 1750 are the same as those having the those in the second embodiment and the eighth embodiment.

The encrypting and decrypting operation section 1721 receives a first plaintext or a second ciphertext together with an encrypt instruction or a decrypt instruction from the input unit 1710. The encrypting and decrypting operation section 1721 carries out the encrypting operation to the first plaintext in response to the encrypt instruction while changing the encrypting state based on the random number dependent conditional branch determining operation by the conditional branch control section 1723. Also, the encrypting and decrypting

000240"ST4ES60

operation section 1721 carries out the decrypting process to the first cipher text in response to the decrypt instruction while changing the decrypting states based on the random number dependent conditional branch determining operation by the conditional branch control section 1723. The encrypting and decrypting operation section 1721 encrypts the first plaintext into a first ciphertext which does not depend on the output of the random number generating unit 1740, and outputs the first ciphertext from the output unit 1750. Also, the encrypting and decrypting operation section 1721 decrypts the second ciphertext into a second plaintext, which does not depend on the output of the random number generating unit 1740, and outputs the second plaintext from the output unit 1750.

20 (15) Fifteenth embodiment

Fig. 18 is a block diagram showing the structure of an encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the fifteenth embodiment of the present invention.

25 Referring to Fig. 18, the encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the fifteenth embodiment is composed of an input unit 1810, an

5

10

25

the encrypt instruction while changing the  
encrypting state based on the random number  
dependent delay inserting operation by the delay  
control section 1823. Also, the encrypting and  
5 decrypting operation section 1821 carries out the  
decrypting process to the first cipher text in  
response to the decrypt instruction while  
changing the decrypting states based on the  
random number dependent delay inserting operation  
10 by the delay control section 1823. The encrypting  
and decrypting operation section 1821 encrypts the  
first plaintext into a first ciphertext which  
does not depend on the output of the random  
number generating unit 1840, and outputs the  
15 first ciphertext from the output unit 1850. Also,  
the encrypting and decrypting operation section  
1821 decrypts the second ciphertext into a second  
plaintext, which does not depend on the output of  
the random number generating unit 1840, and  
20 outputs the second plaintext from the output unit  
1850.

It should be noted that in the encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the above-mentioned thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth embodiments, an encrypt key and a decrypt key may be supplied from the input unit (input unit 1610 in Fig. 16, input unit 1710 in Fig. 17 or input

unit 1810 in Fig. 18) to the encrypting and  
decrypting operation section (the encrypting and  
decrypting operation section 1621 in Fig. 16, the  
encrypting and decrypting operation section 1721  
5 in Fig. 17 or the encrypting and decrypting  
operation section 1821 in Fig. 18).

Also, in the encrypting and decrypting  
apparatus according to the above-mentioned  
thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth embodiments,  
10 it is possible to use a data (the plaintext or  
ciphertext) itself supplied to the encryption and  
decryption processing unit (encryption and  
decryption processing unit 1620 in Fig. 16,  
encryption and decryption processing unit 1720 in  
15 Fig. 17 or encryption and decryption processing  
unit 1820 in Fig. 18) from the input unit or a  
data dependent on the supplied data for the  
encrypting and decrypting operation in place of  
the random numbers outputted from the random  
20 number generating unit (the random number  
generating unit 1640 in Fig. 16, the random  
number generating unit 1740 in Fig. 17 or the  
random number generating unit 1840 in Fig. 18),  
respectively.

25

(16) Sixteenth embodiment

Fig. 19 is a block diagram showing the

structure of the encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to the sixteenth embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 19, the encrypting and  
5 decrypting apparatus in the sixteenth embodiment  
is different from that of the thirteenth  
embodiment shown in Fig. 16 in the point that a  
recording medium 1900 is provided to store a  
program for the encrypting and decrypting  
10 operation by the encrypting and decrypting  
apparatus. The recording medium 1900 may be a  
magnetic disk, a semiconductor memory, a CD-ROM  
(Compact Disk-Read Only Memory), or other  
recording media.

15 The encrypting and decrypting operation  
program is read from the recording medium 1900  
into a computer system. The computer system is  
controlled based on the encrypting and decrypting  
operation program to realize the input unit 1610,  
20 the encryption and decryption processing unit  
1620 (the encrypting and decrypting operation  
section 1621, the random number dependence  
determining section 1622 and the intermediate  
data control section 1623), the storage unit 1630  
25 (the intermediate data storage section 1631), the  
random number generating unit 1640 and the output  
unit 1650. The operations of the input unit 1610



encryption and decryption processing unit 1620,  
storage unit 1630, random number generating unit  
1640 and output unit 1650 are the same as those  
of the thirteenth embodiment. Therefore, the  
5 detailed description is omitted.

(17) Seventeenth embodiment

Fig. 20 is a block diagram showing the  
structure of the encrypting and decrypting  
10 apparatus according to the seventeenth embodiment  
of the present invention.

Referring to Fig. 20, the encrypting and  
decrypting apparatus in the seventeenth  
embodiment is different from that of the  
15 fourteenth embodiment shown in Fig. 17 in the  
point that a recording medium 2000 is provided to  
store a program for the encrypting and decrypting  
operation by the encrypting and decrypting  
apparatus. The recording medium 2000 may be a  
20 magnetic disk, a semiconductor memory, a CD-ROM  
(Compact Disk-Read Only Memory), or other  
recording media.

The encrypting and decrypting operation  
program is read from the recording medium 2000  
25 into a computer system. The computer system is  
controlled based on the encrypting and decrypting  
operation program to realize the input unit 1710,

the encryption and decryption processing unit  
1720 (the encrypting and decrypting operation  
section 1721, the random number dependence  
determining section 1722 and the conditional  
5 branch control section 1723), the storage unit  
1730 (the intermediate data storage section  
1731), the random number generating unit 1740 and  
the output unit 1750. The operations of the input  
unit 1710, encryption and decryption processing  
10 unit 1720, storage unit 1730, random number  
generating unit 1740 and output unit 1750 are the  
same as those of the fourteenth embodiment.  
Therefore, the detailed description is omitted.

15 (18) Eighteenth embodiment

Fig. 21 is a block diagram showing the  
structure of the encrypting and decrypting  
apparatus according to the eighteenth embodiment  
of the present invention.

20 Referring to Fig. 21, the encrypting and  
decrypting apparatus in the eighteenth embodiment  
is different from that of the fifteenth  
embodiment shown in Fig. 18 in the point that a  
recording medium 2100 is provided to store a  
25 program for the encrypting and decrypting  
operation by the encrypting and decrypting  
apparatus. The recording medium 2100 may be a

000240" 54E550

magnetic disk, a semiconductor memory, a CD-ROM (Compact Disk-Read Only Memory), or other recording media.recording medium.

000240" STEES60

The encrypting and decrypting operation  
5 program is read from the recording medium 2100  
into a computer system. The computer system is  
controlled based on the encrypting and decrypting  
operation program to realize the input unit 1810,  
the encryption and decryption processing unit  
10 1820 (the encrypting and decrypting operation  
section 1821, the random number dependence  
determining section 1822 and the delay control  
section 1823), the storage unit 1830 (the  
intermediate data storage section 1831), the  
15 random number generating unit 1840 and the output  
unit 1850. The operations of the input unit 1810,  
encryption and decryption processing unit 1820,  
storage unit 1830, random number generating unit  
1840 and output unit 1850 are the same as those  
20 of the fifteenth embodiment. Therefore, the  
detailed description is omitted.

#### First Specific Example of Encrypting Operation

Fig. 22 and Fig. 23 are diagrams to  
25 describe a first specific example of the  
encrypting apparatus of the present invention. In  
the encrypting apparatus according to the above-

mentioned first specific example, a common key cipher DES (Data Encryption Standard) is used. It should be noted that the DES cipher is described in "Handbook of Applied Cryptography" by A.

- 5 Menezes, P. Oorschot, and S. Vanstone (CRC Press, 1997, ISBN 0-8493-8523-7, pp.250-259).

Here, the outline of the structure and operation of the DES is first shown using Fig. 22.

- 10 DES is composed of a key scheduling section 2210 and a data processing section 2220. The key scheduling section 2210 receives a 64-bit encrypt key and outputs 16 48-bit intermediate keys  $K_1$  to  $K_{16}$ . The data processing section 2220 is composed  
15 of an initial translocation IP, the last translocation  $IP^{-1}$  and 16 F functions. The data processing section 2220 receives a 64-bit plaintext and the 16 48-bit intermediate keys  $K_1$  to  $K_{16}$  from the key scheduling section 2210 and  
20 outputs a 64-bit ciphertext. Here, the IP translocation and the  $IP^{-1}$  translocation are the functions to rearrange the previously set bits. The 16 F function is a predetermined function to receive a 32-bit data and a 48-bit data to output  
25 a 32-bit data.

The encryption of the plaintext into the ciphertext is carried out as follows.

First, an initial translocation IP is applied to a plaintext. Then, the plaintext is divided into an upper 32-bit set L0 and a lower 32-bit set R0. Subsequently, L<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>1</sub>, L<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, L<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, ..., L<sub>15</sub>, R<sub>15</sub>, L<sub>16</sub>, and R<sub>16</sub> are generated in accordance with the following equation (1) from these sets of L0 and R0.

$$L_n = R_{n-1}$$

$$R_n = L_{n-1} \oplus F(R_{n-1}, K_n) \quad (1)$$

where n = 1, 2, ..., 16, and the symbol F in the above equation is the F function of the DES.

It should be noted that the above-mentioned L<sub>0</sub>, R<sub>0</sub>, L<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>1</sub>, ... correspond to the intermediate data stored in the intermediate data storage section 131 in Fig. 1.

The 16 F functions of the DES have the same structure. Each of the 16 F functions receives a 32-bit data R<sub>n-1</sub> and the 48-bit intermediate key K<sub>n</sub> from the key scheduling section 2210 and outputs the 32-bit data. The above equation (1) is applied 16 times and the sets L<sub>16</sub> and R<sub>16</sub> are determined at that time. The last translocation IP<sup>-1</sup> is applied to the 64-bit data having the set of L<sub>16</sub> as the upper 32 bits and the set of R<sub>16</sub> as the lower 32 bits. Thus, a 64-bit ciphertext is obtained.

The concept of this embodiment is shown in

000240" STES60

Fig. 23. Referring to Fig. 23, portions (2310 to 2380 in Fig. 23) which are surrounded by the broken lines in Fig. 23 are portions to give the intermediate data a random number dependent change which is necessary in the encrypting operation of the DES. That is, the random number dependent change portion indicates the random number dependent intermediate data changing operation which is carried out by the intermediate data control section 123 in Fig. 1.

Below, the structure and operation of this specific example of the encrypting apparatus will be described with reference to Fig. 22 and Fig. 23.

First, a plaintext is supplied from an IC card reader and writer as the input unit. The plaintext is divided into a set of upper 32 bits and a set of lower 32 bits after the initial translocation IP is carried out. At this time, the intermediate data control section 123 is called.

The intermediate data control section receives two random numbers  $r_0$  and  $r_1$  from the random number generating unit 140. The intermediate data control section 123 calculates the exclusive OR of the set of upper 32-bit data and the random numbers  $r_0$  and stores the

000240" STESS60

calculation result in  $L_0$  (see 2310 in Fig. 23).  
Also, the intermediate data control section 123  
calculates the exclusive OR of the set of lower  
32-bit data and the random numbers  $r_1$  and stores  
5 the calculation result in  $R_0$  (see 2320 in Fig.  
23).

Next, the following operation is repeated  
in case of  $n = 1, 2, \dots, 16$ .

$$r^* = \begin{cases} r_1 & n=1,4,7,10,13,16 \\ r_0 \oplus r_1 & n=2,5,8,11,14 \\ r_0 & n=3,6,9,12,15 \end{cases}$$

Here, the value of  $r^*$  is defined as follows.

10 First, the value of  $R_{n-1}$  is copied to  $L_n$ .  
Then, the intermediate data control section 123  
is called again and calculates the exclusive OR  
of  $R_{n-1}$  and  $r^*$  (see 2340, 2360 and 2380 of Fig.  
23). The calculation result of the exclusive OR  
15 value and  $K_n$  are supplied to the F function.  
Through the above procedure,  $R_{n-1}$  and  $K_n$  are  
supplied to the F function, and therefore, it is  
ascertained that it does not depend on the random  
numbers  $r^*$  which is outputted from the random  
20 number generating unit 140.

When a value of F function is outputted,  
the intermediate data control section 123 is  
called and the exclusive OR of output of the F  
function output and the random numbers of  $r^*$  is

000240"STC550

5 in  $L_n$ .

20

Fig. 24, Fig. 25 and Fig. 26 are diagrams

25 the second specific example of the encrypting



for example, the above-mentioned second embodiment. The details of the algorithm of RC5-32/12/16 is described in "Handbook of Applied Cryptography" (pp.269-270) mentioned above.

5           Here, first, the outline of the operation of RC5-32/12/16 will be described with reference to Fig. 24 and Fig. 25.

RC5-32/12/16 is the algorithm which converts a 64-bit plaintext 2410 into a 64-bit  
10 ciphertext 2450 using 128-bit encrypt key 2420 as shown in Fig. 24. RC5-32/12/16 has a data processing section 2430 and an extended key generating section 2440.

The extended key generating section 2440  
15 receives the 128-bit encrypt key 2420 and outputs 26 32-bit extended keys  $S_0, S_1, \dots, S_{25}$ .

The data processing section 2430 receives the 64-bit plaintext 2410, and the outputs  $S_0, S_1, \dots, S_{25}$  of the extended key generating section  
20 2440, and outputs the 64-bit ciphertext 2450.

The data processing section 2430 operates as follows.

First, the 64-bit plaintext 2410 supplied thereto is divided into a set of upper 32 bits A  
25 and a set of lower 32 bits B. Next, the summation (the addition) of A and  $S_0$  modulo  $2^{32}$  is calculated and the calculation result is again substituted

000240"STHES60

for A (see 2431 of Fig. 24). Also, the summation  
of B and  $S_1$  modulo  $2^{32}$  is calculated and the  
calculation result is again substituted for B  
(see 2432 of Fig. 24). After that, the conversion  
5 using a round function is applied to A and B 12  
times. The ciphertext 2450 is a 64-bit data  
having A after applying the round function 12  
times as a set of upper 32 bits and B after  
applying the round function 12 times as a set of  
10 lower 32 bits.

When the round function is applied for the  
i-th time, data of A and B are updated using A,  
B,  $S_{2i}$  and  $S_{2i+1}$  and the updated data of A and B  
are outputted.

15 Next, an outline of the round function  
which is applied for the i-th time will be  
described. the update of A and B using the round  
function applied for the i-th time is carried out  
in accordance with the following equation.

$$A = ((A \oplus B) \lll B) + S_{2i}$$

$$B = ((B \oplus A) \lll A) + S_{2i+1}$$

20 where, the symbol " $\oplus$ " indicates the summation  
using modulo  $2^{32}$  and the symbol " $X \lll Y$ " indicates  
Y-bit rotation of X.

Referring to Fig. 25, the updating of A is  
first carried out. The exclusive OR 2510 of A and  
25 B is calculated for every bit and the calculation

000240"STES550

result of the exclusive OR is again stored in A.

Next, A is subjected to a left direction rotation 2520 for B bits and the rotation result is stored in A again. Last, the summation 2530 of  
5 A and the extended key  $S_{2i}$  modulo  $2^{32}$  is calculated and the calculation result is set as the value of A after the update.

Next, the updating of B is carried out. The exclusive OR 2540 of A after the update and B  
10 is calculated for every bit and the calculation result of the exclusive OR is again stored in B.

Next, B is subjected to a left direction rotation 2550 for A bits and the rotation result is stored in B again. Last, the summation 2560 of  
15 B and the extended key  $S_{2i+1}$  modulo  $2^{32}$  is calculated and the calculation result is set as the value of B after the update.

In this embodiment, the encrypting apparatus is composed of the IC card reader and  
20 writer as the input unit and the output unit, a semiconductor memory as the data storage unit, a recording medium for storing a program and a computer system provided in an IC card as the encryption processing unit. The computer system  
25 for realizing the encryption processing unit has five or more general purpose registers, and instruction sets of the computer system such as a

000240" STEE550

summation of two registers  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , the bit rotation, and the exclusive OR for every bit instruct the calculation results in the register  $R_1$  or  $R_2$ . In most of the computers which are used  
5 at present, such instruction sets having the above functions are used.

Next, the overall operation of this embodiment is described in detail based on the flow chart of Fig. 26 and Fig. 24 and Fig. 25. In  
10 the flow chart of Fig. 26,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are general registers with the data width of 32 bits and also the notion of " $R_i \leftarrow R_i + R_j$ " shows the operation that an addition result of the general-purpose registers  $R_i$  and  $R_j$  is stored in the  
15 general-purpose register  $R_i$ . Also, the notation of " $R_i \leftarrow R_i \lll R_j$ " in Fig. 26 shows the operation that the content of the register  $R_i$  is rotated in the left direction by the  $R_j$  bits and the rotation result is stored in the register  $R_i$ . This  
20 specific example has a feature in that the calculation results of the calculation of " $R_i + R_j$ " and " $R_i \lll R_j$ " carried out by the computer are stored in either of the registers  $R_i$  and  $R_j$  which is determined based on the random numbers.

25 As described above, the storage region of the calculation result is changed in dependence on the random numbers. Therefore, it is difficult

000240"STE350

to detect whether the change of the measured consumption power is based on the change of the value of the general register  $R_i$  or based on the change of the value of the general register  $R_j$ .

5           Next, the operation of this embodiment will be described below in detail.

In this embodiment, first, a plaintext is stored in the encryption processing unit through the input unit (The step D1 of Fig. 26).

10           When the plaintext is supplied to the encryption processing unit, the encryption processing unit calculates addition (the summation using modulo  $2^{32}$ ) 2431 and then stores the value of A after the calculation in the  
15   general register  $R_1$ . Also, the encryption processing unit calculates addition (the summation using modulo  $2^{32}$ ) 2432 and then stores the value of B after the calculation in the general register  $R_3$ . Also, the encryption  
20   processing unit stores 1 in a variable r which counts the number of times of execution of a round function (Step D2).

Next, the encryption processing unit carries out the operation corresponding to 2510  
25   and 2520 of the round function shown in Fig. 25 and then stores  $S_{2x}$  in the general register  $R_2$ . At this time point, the conditional branch control

000240"574E550

unit is called. The conditional branch control unit controls the calculation result of summation (the summation using modulo  $2^{32}$ ) 2530 of the value of  $S_{2r}$  stored in the register  $R_2$  and the value of  
5 A stored in the register  $R_1$  to be stored in either of  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  based on whether the random numbers is an even number or an odd number (Steps D3 and D4).

When the random numbers is an odd number in  
10 the step D4 of Fig. 26, the calculation result of the summation between registers  $R_2$  and  $R_1$  is stored in the register  $R_1$ . Subsequently, the encrypting operation section carries out the calculation of the exclusive OR (the exclusive OR  
15 for every bit) 2540 in the round function and the left direction bit rotation 2550 and then stores the value of B in the register  $R_3$  when the left direction bit rotation 2550 is ended.

Moreover, the encrypting operation section  
20 stores the value of  $S_{2r+1}$  in the register  $R_4$  and stores the summation of the registers  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  in the register  $R_3$ . Through the above operation, the values of A and B after application of the round function are stored in the registers  $R_1$  and  $R_3$ ,  
25 respectively (Step D5).

When the processing of step D5 is ended, the processing of the round function ends for

000240"STHE5560

this time. At this time, the value of the variable  $r$  showing the number of times of execution of the round function by the encryption processing unit is checked (Step D7). When the value of  $r$  is equal to 12 which is the number of times of the round function to be executed in RC5-32/12/16, the encrypting operation section outputs a ciphertext from the output unit and ends the encrypting operation (Step D9).

10 Otherwise, the encrypting operation section returns to the step D3 to add 1 to the variable  $r$  (step D8) and to carry out the round function once more.

When the random numbers is an even number in the step D4, the calculation result of the summation between the registers  $R_2$  and  $R_1$  is stored in the register  $R_2$ . The encryption processing unit carries out the calculation of the exclusive OR (the exclusive OR for every bit) 2540 in the round function and a left direction bit rotation 2550 and stores the value of  $B$  in the register  $R_3$  when the left direction bit rotation 2550 is ended.

Moreover, the encryption processing unit stores the value of  $S_{2r+1}$  in the register  $R_4$  and stores the summation between the registers  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  in the register  $R_4$ . Through the above

operation, the value of A and B after the application of the round function is stored in the registers R2 and R4, respectively (Step D6).

Next, like the step D7, it is checked whether or not the value of r is equal to 12. When the value of r is equal to 12, the encrypting operation section outputs a ciphertext from the output unit and ends the encrypting operation (Step D16). Otherwise, the encrypting operation section returns to the step D10 to add 1 to the variable r (step D15) and to carry out the round function once more.

In step D10, the values of A and B for the round function are stored in the registers R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, respectively. The encryption processing unit carries out the operations corresponding to the exclusive OR calculation 2510 and the left direction bit rotation 2520 of the round function shown in Fig. 25 and then stores S<sub>2r</sub> in the general register R1. At this time point, the conditional branch control unit is called. The conditional branch control unit controls the calculation result of summation (the summation using modulo  $2^{32}$ ) 2530 of the value of S<sub>2r</sub> stored in the register R<sub>1</sub> and the value of A stored in the register R<sub>2</sub> to be stored in either of R1 and R2 based on whether the random numbers is an even

000240" 574E560



number or an odd number (Steps D10 and D11).

When the random numbers is an odd number in the step D11, the calculation result of the summation of the registers  $R_2$  and  $R_1$  is stored in the register  $R_1$ . Subsequently, the encryption processing unit carries out the calculation of the exclusive OR 2540 in the round function and the left direction bit rotation 2550 and stores the value of B in the register  $R_4$  when the left direction bit rotation 2550 is ended. Moreover, the encryption processing unit stores the value of  $S_{2r+1}$  in the register  $R_3$  and stores a summation between the registers  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  in the register  $R_3$ . Through the above operation, the values of A and B after the application of the round function are stored in  $R_1$  and  $R_3$ , respectively (Step D12).

When the processing of step D12 is ended, the processing of the round function ends for this time. At this time, the value of the variable r showing the number of times of execution of the round function by the encryption processing unit is checked (Step D7). When the value of r is equal to 12 which is the number of times of the round function to be executed in RC5-32/12/16, the encrypting operation section outputs a ciphertext from the output unit and ends the encrypting operation (Step D9).

Otherwise, the encrypting operation section returns to the step D3 to add 1 to the variable  $r$  (step D8) and to carry out the round function once more.

5           When the random numbers is an even number in the step D11, the calculation result of the summation of the registers  $R_2$  and  $R_1$  is stored in the register  $R_2$ . Subsequently, the encryption processing unit carries out the calculation of  
10 the exclusive OR 2540 in the round function and the left direction bit rotation 2550 and stores the value of  $B$  in the register  $R_4$  when the left direction bit rotation 2550 is ended. Moreover, the encryption processing unit stores the value  
15 of  $S_{2r+1}$  in the register  $R_3$  and stores the summation between the registers  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  in the register  $R_4$ . Through the above operation, the values of  $A$  and  $B$  after the application of the round function are stored in the registers  $R_2$  and  
20  $R_4$ , respectively (Step D13).

Next, like the step D7, it is checked whether or not the value of  $r$  is equal to 12 (step D14). When the value of  $r$  is equal to 12, the encrypting operation section outputs a  
25 ciphertext from the output unit and ends the encrypting operation (Step D16). Otherwise, the encrypting operation section returns to the step

000240" STE550

5    outputted to the output unit without depending on  
the value of the random numbers outputted from  
the random number generating unit.

RSA has a set  $(n, e)$  of a product  $n$  of two prime numbers  $p$  and  $q$  of about 512 bits and a number  $e$  in relation of prime number with  $\text{lcm}(p-1, q-1)$  ( $\text{lcm}(a, b)$  indicates the least common multiple of  $a$  and  $b$ ) as a public key and  $d$  to meet  $ed=1$  under method  $\text{lcm}(p-1, q-1)$  as a secret key.

The encryption of RSA is carried out as follows.

Supposing that M is a plaintext to be encrypted, a ciphertext C obtained by encrypting  
5 M is calculated in accordance with the following equation.

$$C = M^e \text{ mod } n$$

Also, the calculation to decrypt the ciphertext C into the plaintext M is shown by the  
10 following equation.

$$M = C^d \text{ mod } n$$

In order to carry out an encryption and decrypting operation at high speed, RSA requires a high speed power surplus calculation algorithm.  
15 Here, the power surplus calculation algorithm means the algorithm which receives g, e, and n and outputs  $ge \text{ mod } n$ .

In the implementation of RSA, it is standard to use the algorithm shown in the flow  
20 chart of Fig. 27 or an improvement algorithm as the high-speed power surplus calculation algorithm. Here, the flow of the operation of the high-speed power surplus calculation algorithm will be described with reference to the flow  
25 chart of Fig. 27.

In the power surplus calculation algorithm, first, g, e, and n are supplied (step E1 of Fig.

000240" STE5550

27)). Subsequently  $l$  and  $g$  are stored in variables  $A$  and  $S$  as the initial values, respectively (Step E2)).

Next, it is determined whether or not  $e$  is  
5 0 (Step E3). In case of  $e=0$ ,  $A$  is outputted and  
the processing is ended. Otherwise, it is  
determined whether  $e$  is an odd number or an even  
number. When  $e$  is the odd number, a product of  $A$   
and  $S$  is calculated and then is stored in  $A$  again  
10 (Steps E4 and E5).

Next, by dividing the value of  $e$  by 2, the  
right direction shift of  $e$  by one bit is carried  
out (Step E6). At this time, it is determined  
again whether or not  $e$  is 0 (step E7). In case of  
15  $e=0$ ,  $A$  is outputted and the processing is ended.  
Otherwise, a square of  $S$  is calculated (step E8)  
and then the processing returns to the step E3.

It is supposed that the binary expression  
of  $e$  is  $(b_1, b_2, \dots, b_t)$ . Here, the most  
20 significant bit is  $b_1$  and the least significant  
bit is  $b_t$ . In this case, the value of  $A$  when the  
processing passed through the step E7  $i$  times in  
the flow chart of Fig. 27 is  $g^{e_i} \bmod n$  to the  
number  $e_i$  to have the binary expression of  $(b_1,$   
25  $b_2, \dots, b_i)$ .

Based on the structure method of the  
algorithm, the number of times which the

000240"STEP550

processing passes through the step E7 till the  
end of the algorithm to the bit length  $t$  of  $e$  in  
the algorithm shown with Fig. 27 always becomes  $t$   
times. Therefore, the value of  $A$  in case of the  
5 end of the algorithm becomes  $g^e \bmod n$ . Thus, it  
can be ascertained that the power surplus  
calculation is carried out.

However, when the power surplus calculation  
is carried out using the algorithm like the  
10 above, there is the following problem. That is,  
the necessary and sufficient condition that the  
step E5 is executed after the processing has  
passed through the step E4 of Fig. 27  $i$  times is  
the  $i$ -th bit from the mostright bit of  $e$  is "1".  
15 At this time, if it is possible to specify an  
instruction executed in the apparatus by  
measuring the consumption power during the  
execution by the apparatus in which the above-  
mentioned algorithm is implemented, the secret  
20 key  $d$  of RSA could be specified by measuring the  
consumption power of the apparatus at the time of  
the decrypting operation of the RSA ciphertext.

Next, this embodiment will be described in  
detail with reference to the flow chart of Fig.  
25 27 and Fig. 28.

The the encryption and decryption  
processing unit 2820 in the encrypting and

000240"54E550

decrypting apparatus in this embodiment is composed of the encryption and decrypting operation section 2821, the random number dependence determining section 2822, and the  
5 delay control unit 2823, and operates as follows.

The encryption and decrypting operation section 2821 is composed of a multiplier 2811 which receives two different numbers a and b and calculates  $a*b \bmod n$ , a multiplier 2812 which  
10 receives a single number a and a modulo n and calculates  $a^2 \bmod n$ .

The encrypting and decrypting operation section 2821 has two functions of the encryption and the decryption. In case of the encryption, a  
15 public key e and  $n_1$  of a counter node and a plaintext M to be transmitted are supplied from the input unit 2810. Then, the operation like the flow chart of Fig. 27 is carried out. As a result, the ciphertext  $M^e \bmod n_1$  is calculated and  
20 the calculation result is outputted from the output unit 2850. Also, in case of the decryption, the secret key d of the user and the public key  $n_2$  of the user and received ciphertext C from the input unit 2810 and the operation is  
25 carried out as shown in the flow chart of Fig. 27 to calculate a plaintext from  $C^d \bmod n_2$ . The calculation result is outputted from the output

000240" 574E550

unit 2850.

The operation of the encrypting and decrypting operation section 2821 of the in Fig. 28 is different from the encryption and decrypting operation section 2821 in Fig. 28 in the flow chart of Fig. 2 is in the point that a delay time determining request is outputted from the delay control unit 2823 to the random number dependence determining section 2822 when the processing returns from the step E8 to the step E3 of Fig. 27.

The delay control unit 2823 is composed of a multiplier 28231 and a square operating unit 28232 like the encrypting operation section 2821. When a delay time determining request is outputted from the random number dependence determining section 2822, the delay control unit 2823 sends the random number generating request to the random number generating unit 2840 twice and gets two random numbers  $r_1$  and  $r_2$ .

The delay control unit 2823 receives  $r_1$  and  $r_2$ , and determines whether or not the least significant bit of  $r_1$  is 0. When the LSB is 0, the delay control unit 2823 calculates the square of  $r_2$  for the delay insertion using the square operating unit 28232 and moves the processing to the encrypting and decrypting operation section

000240"STHES50



2821. On The other hand, when the least  
significant bit of  $r_1$  is "1", the delay control  
unit 2823 calculates a product of  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  using  
the multiplier 28231 for the delay insertion, and  
5 then calculate the square of  $r_1 \cdot r_2$  as the  
calculation result of the multiplier 28231 using  
the square arithmetic unit 28232. Then, the delay  
control unit 2823 moves the processing to the  
encrypting and decrypting operation section 2821  
10 again.

As described above, according to the  
encrypting apparatus, the decrypting apparatus  
and the encrypting and decrypting apparatus of  
the present invention, it is difficult to apply  
15 the cryptanalysis method such as the simple power  
analysis and the power differential analysis for  
getting secret information such as the encrypt  
key and the decrypt key by measuring the power  
consumption of the apparatus when the encryption  
20 and/or decryption of the data is carried out.

The reason why the above mentioned effect  
can be attained will be described below.

In order that the cryptanalysis such as the  
simple power analysis and the power differential  
25 analysis succeeds through the measurement of the  
power consumption, two conditions are necessary.

That is, the first matter is that there is

000240"STE550

a close relation between the power consumed when the encrypting apparatus and the decrypting apparatus carry out the encryption and decryption of the data and a decrypt, and the encrypting and  
5 decrypting operation carried out in the apparatus. The second matter is that it is easy to detect the time when the encrypting apparatus and the decrypting apparatus carry out a specific encrypting and decrypting operation.

10 In the present invention, the encrypting operation and the decrypting operation are carried out in the encrypting apparatus and the decrypting apparatus while the intermediate data which are necessary for the encryption and the  
15 decryption are changed in dependence on the random numbers by the intermediate data control section. Therefore, it is difficult to determine whether the change of the power consumption of the apparatus is due to the encrypting operation  
20 and the decrypting operation or due to the influence of the random numbers. In this way, it is difficult to detect relation between the consumption power of the encrypting apparatus and the decrypting apparatus, and the encrypting  
25 operation and decrypting operation which are carried out in the apparatus. Thus, the first condition for the simple power analysis and the

000240" 5745550

power differential analysis is not met.

Moreover, in the present invention, The determination of the execution order of operations which can be replaced and the  
5 selection of an actually executed operation from among a plurality of encrypting or decrypting operations which does not influence the encrypting or decrypting result is carried out in dependence on the random numbers by the  
10 conditional branch control unit. Also, the delay time is appropriately inserted on the way of the encrypting operation or decrypting operation in dependence on the random numbers by the delay control unit. Therefore, the time that a specific  
15 encrypting operation or decrypting operation is executed is changed based on the random numbers. Thus, the second condition for the simple power analysis and the power differential analysis is not met.

20 The above first to third specific examples may be applied to the encrypting operations in the other embodiments, and may be also applied to the decrypting apparatus.

By the above, two conditions necessary for  
25 the simple power analysis and the power differential analysis are not met. Therefore, it is difficult to succeed the cryptanalysis method

000240"STHE550

for secret information by measuring the  
consumption power of the encrypting apparatus and  
the decrypting apparatus.

000240" 57425550



10 said intermediate data at said next encrypting stage,  
and

wherein said control section changes said  
intermediate data at said next encrypting stage  
depending on said random number.

3. An encrypting apparatus according to claim 2,  
wherein said control section changes said intermediate  
data at said next encrypting stage depending on said  
plaintext or a data dependent on said plaintext in  
5 place of said random number.

4. An encrypting apparatus according to claim 1,  
wherein said determining section determines whether an  
encrypting procedure at said next encrypting stage of  
said encrypting operation should be changed depending  
5 on at least a random number, based on said encrypting  
stage data at said current encrypting stage from said  
encrypting operation section, and

wherein said control section changes said  
encrypting procedure at said next encrypting stage of  
10 said encrypting operation depending on said random  
number.

5. An encrypting apparatus according to claim 4,  
wherein said control section changes said encrypting  
procedure at said next encrypting stage of said

000240"STHE560

encrypting operation depending on said plaintext or a  
5 data dependent on said plaintext in place of said  
random number.

6. An encrypting apparatus according to claim 1,  
wherein said determining section determines whether  
said encrypting operation at said next encrypting  
stage should be changed depending on at least a random  
5 number, based on said encrypting stage data at said  
current encrypting stage from said encrypting  
operation section, and

wherein said control section inserts a delay  
time in said encrypting operation at said next  
10 encrypting stage depending on said random number.

7. An encrypting apparatus according to claim 6,  
wherein said control section inserts said delay time  
in said encrypting operation at said next encrypting  
stage depending on said plaintext or a data dependent  
5 on said plaintext in place of said random number.

8. A decrypting apparatus comprising:

a decrypting operation section carrying out a  
decrypting operation to a ciphertext using  
intermediate data at each of a plurality of decrypting  
5 stages of said decrypting operation to produce a  
plaintext, wherein said decrypting operation section

000240"514E5560

outputs decrypting stage data indicating a decrypting state at each of said plurality of decrypting stages;

10 a determining section determining whether said decrypting operation at a next decrypting stage should be changed, based on said decrypting stage data at a current decrypting stage from said decrypting operation section; and

15 a control section changing said decrypting operation at said next decrypting stage when it is determined that said decrypting operation at said next decrypting stage should be changed.

9. A decrypting apparatus according to claim 8, wherein said determining section determines whether said intermediate data at said next decrypting stage of said decrypting operation should be changed  
5 depending on at least a random number, based on said decrypting stage data at said current decrypting stage from said decrypting operation section,

wherein said stage data includes said intermediate data for said next decrypting stage, and  
10 wherein said control section changes said intermediate data at said next decrypting stage depending on said random number.

10. A decrypting apparatus according to claim 9, wherein said control section changes said intermediate

000240 "S F H E 3 5 0



5 place of said random number.

5 on at least a random number, based on said stage data

10 said decrypting operation depending on said random

5 data dependent on said ciphertext in place of said

stage should be changed depending on at least a random

5 number, based on said stage data at said current  
decrypting stage from said decrypting operation  
section, and

wherein said control section inserts a delay  
time in said decrypting operation at said next  
10 decrypting stage depending on said random number.

14. A decrypting apparatus according to claim 13,  
wherein said control section inserts said delay time  
in said decrypting operation at said next decrypting  
stage depending on said ciphertext or a data dependent  
5 on said ciphertext in place of said random number.

15. An encrypting and decrypting apparatus  
comprising:

an encrypting and decrypting operation section  
determining whether an inputted instruction is an  
5 encrypt instruction or a decrypt instruction, carrying  
out an encrypting operation to an inputted text in  
response to said encrypt instruction using first  
intermediate data at each of a plurality of encrypting  
stages of said encrypting operation to produce a  
10 ciphertext, and carrying out a decrypting operation to  
said inputted text in response to said decrypt  
instruction using second intermediate data at each of  
a plurality of decrypting stages of said decrypting  
operation to produce a plaintext, wherein said

000240" SHEETS

15 encrypting and decrypting operation section outputs  
encrypting stage data indicating an encrypting state  
at each of said plurality of encrypting stages and  
outputs decrypting stage data indicating a decrypting  
state at each of said plurality of decrypting stages;  
20 a determining section determining whether said  
encrypting operation at a next encrypting stage should  
be changed, based on said encrypting stage data at a  
current encrypting stage from said encrypting and  
decrypting operation section, and determining whether  
25 said decrypting operation at a next decrypting stage  
should be changed, based on said decrypting stage data  
at a current decrypting stage from said encrypting and  
decrypting operation section; and  
a control section changing said encrypting  
30 operation at said next encrypting stage when it is  
determined that said encrypting operation at said next  
encrypting stage should be changed, and changing said  
decrypting operation at said next decrypting stage  
when it is determined that said decrypting operation  
35 at said next decrypting stage should be changed.

16. An encrypting and decrypting apparatus  
according to claim 15, wherein said determining  
section determines whether said first intermediate  
data at said next encrypting stage of said encrypting  
5 operation should be changed depending on at least a

000240 "SFFEE550

first random number, based on said encrypting stage data at said current encrypting stage from said encrypting and decrypting operation section, and determines whether said second intermediate data at  
10 said next decrypting stage of said decrypting operation should be changed depending on at least a second random number, based on said decrypting stage data at said current decrypting stage from said encrypting and decrypting operation section,

15 wherein said encrypting stage data includes said first intermediate data at said next encrypting stage and said decrypting stage data includes said second intermediate data for said next decrypting stage, and

20 wherein said control section changes said first intermediate data at said next encrypting stage depending on said first random number and changes said second intermediate data at said next decrypting stage depending on said second random number.

17. An encrypting and decrypting apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said control section changes said first intermediate data at said next encrypting stage depending on said inputted text or a  
5 data dependent on said inputted text in place of said first random number, and changes said second intermediate data at said next decrypting stage

000240" 5745550

depending on said inputted text or said data dependent  
on said inputted text in place of said second random  
10 number.

18. An encrypting and decrypting apparatus  
according to claim 15, wherein said determining  
section determines whether an encrypting procedure at  
said next encrypting stage of said encrypting  
5 operation should be changed depending on at least a  
first random number, based on said encrypting stage  
data at said current encrypting stage from said  
encrypting and decrypting operation section, and  
determines whether a decrypting procedure at said next  
10 decrypting stage of said decrypting operation should  
be changed depending on at least a second random  
number, based on said decrypting stage data at said  
current decrypting stage from said encrypting and  
decrypting operation section, and

15 wherein said control section changes said  
encrypting procedure at said next encrypting stage of  
said encrypting operation depending on said first  
random number and changes said decrypting procedure at  
said next decrypting stage of said decrypting  
20 operation depending on said second random number.

19. An encrypting and decrypting apparatus  
according to claim 18, wherein said control section

000240" STE 5360



operation at said next decrypting stage depending on  
said second random number.

21. An encrypting and decrypting apparatus  
according to claim 20, wherein said control section  
inserts said first delay time in said encrypting  
operation at said next encrypting stage depending on  
5 said inputted text or a data dependent on said  
inputted text in place of said first random number,  
and inserts said second delay time in said decrypting  
operation at said next decrypting stage depending on  
said inputted text or said data dependent on said  
10 inputted text in place of said second random number.

22. An encrypting method comprising:

(a) determining whether an encrypting operation  
at a current encrypting stage should be changed, based  
on encrypting stage data at a previous encrypting  
5 stage, said encrypting stage data at said previous  
encrypting stage indicating an encrypting state at  
said previous encrypting stage;

(b) changing said encrypting operation at said  
current encrypting stage when it is determined that  
10 said encrypting operation at said current encrypting  
stage should be changed;

(c) carrying out said encrypting operation at  
said current encrypting stage to a plaintext using

000240 "SECRET" 5550

intermediate data at said current encrypting stage;

15 and

(d) executing said steps (a) to (c) to each of  
a plurality of said encrypting stages of said  
encrypting operation to produce a ciphertext.

23. An encrypting method according to claim 22,  
wherein said determining includes:

determining whether said intermediate data at  
said current encrypting stage of said encrypting  
5 operation should be changed depending on at least a  
random number, based on said encrypting stage data at  
said previous encrypting stage,

wherein said encrypting stage data includes  
said intermediate data at said current encrypting  
10 stage, and

wherein said changing includes:

changing said intermediate data at said current  
encrypting stage depending on said random number.

24. An encrypting method according to claim 23,  
wherein said changing includes:

changing said intermediate data at said current  
encrypting stage depending on said plaintext or a data  
5 dependent on said plaintext in place of said random  
number.

000240 " 5 THE 550





inserting a delay time in said encrypting  
10 operation at said current encrypting stage depending  
on said random number.

28. An encrypting method according to claim 27,  
wherein said changing includes:

inserting said delay time in said encrypting  
operation at said current encrypting stage depending  
5 on said plaintext or a data dependent on said  
plaintext in place of said random number.

29. A decrypting method comprising:

(a) determining whether a decrypting operation  
at a current decrypting stage should be changed, based  
on decrypting stage data at a previous decrypting  
5 stage, said decrypting stage data at said previous  
decrypting stage indicating an decrypting state at  
each of said plurality of processing stages;

(b) changing said decrypting operation at said  
current decrypting stage when it is determined that  
10 said decrypting operation at said next decrypting  
stage should be changed;

(c) carrying out said decrypting operation at  
said current decrypting stage to a ciphertext using  
intermediate data at said current decrypting stage;  
15 and

(d) executing said steps (a) to (c) to each of

000240"STRE550

30. A decrypting method according to claim 29,  
wherein said determining includes:

wherein said stage data includes said  
intermediate data at said current decrypting stage,  
10 and

changing said intermediate data at said current  
decrypting stage depending on said random number.

changing said intermediate data at said current  
decrypting stage depending on said ciphertext or a  
5 data dependent on said ciphertext in place of said  
random number.

determining whether a decrypting procedure at

said current decrypting stage of said decrypting  
5 operation should be changed depending on at least a  
random number, based on said decrypting stage data at  
said previous decrypting stage, and

wherein said changing includes:

changing said decrypting procedure at said  
10 current decrypting stage of said decrypting operation  
depending on said random number.

33. A decrypting method according to claim 32,  
wherein said changing includes:

changing said decrypting procedure at said  
current decrypting stage of said decrypting operation  
5 depending on said ciphertext or a data dependent on  
said ciphertext in place of said random number.

34. A decrypting method according to claim 29,  
wherein said determining includes:

determining whether said decrypting operation  
at said current decrypting stage should be changed  
5 depending on at least a random number, based on said  
decrypting stage data at said previous decrypting  
stage, and

wherein said changing includes:

inserting a delay time in said decrypting  
10 operation at said current decrypting stage depending  
on said random number.

000240" STE 560

35. A decrypting method according to claim 34,  
wherein said changing includes:

inserting said delay time in said decrypting  
operation at said current decrypting stage depending  
5 on said ciphertext or a data dependent on said  
ciphertext in place of said random number.

36. An encrypting and decrypting method comprising:

(a) determining whether an inputted instruction  
is an encrypt instruction or a decrypt instruction;

(b) determining whether said encrypting  
5 operation to a text at a current encrypting stage of  
an encrypting operation should be changed, based on  
said encrypting stage data at a previous encrypting  
stage, said encrypting stage data at said current  
encrypting stage indicating an encrypting state at  
10 said current encrypting stage;

(c) changing said encrypting operation to said  
text at said current encrypting stage when it is  
determined that said encrypting operation to said text  
at said current encrypting stage should be changed;

15 (d) carrying out said encrypting operation to  
said text using first intermediate data at current  
encrypting stage of said encrypting operation;

(e) executing said steps (b) to (d) for each of  
a plurality of encrypting stages of said encrypting  
20 operation to said text in response to said encrypt

000240"STH5560

instruction to produce a ciphertext;

(f) determining whether said decrypting operation to said text at a current decrypting stage should be changed, based on said decrypting stage data  
25 at a previous decrypting stage, said decrypting stage data at said current decrypting stage indicating an decrypting state at said current decrypting stage;

(g) changing said decrypting operation to said text at said current decrypting stage when it is  
30 determined that said decrypting operation to said text at said current decrypting stage should be changed;

(h) carrying out said decrypting operation to said text using second intermediate data at said current decrypting stage; and

35 (i) executing said steps (f) to (h) for each of a plurality of decrypting stages of said encrypting operation to said text in response to said decrypt instruction to produce a plaintext.

37. An encrypting and decrypting method according to claim 36, wherein said (b) determining includes:

determining whether said first intermediate data at said current encrypting stage of said  
5 encrypting operation should be changed depending on at least a first random number, based on said encrypting stage data at said previous encrypting stage,

wherein said (f) determining includes:

000240 STE 550

determining whether said second intermediate  
10 data at said current decrypting stage of said  
decrypting operation should be changed depending on at  
least a second random number, based on said decrypting  
stage data at said previous decrypting stage,

wherein said encrypting stage data includes  
15 said first intermediate data at said current  
encrypting stage and said decrypting stage data  
includes said second intermediate data for said  
current decrypting stage,

wherein said (c) changing includes:  
20 changing said first intermediate data at said  
current encrypting stage depending on said first  
random number, and

wherein said (g) changing includes:  
changing said second intermediate data at said  
25 current decrypting stage depending on said second  
random number.

38. An encrypting and decrypting method according  
to claim 37, wherein said (c) changing includes:

changing said first intermediate data at said  
current encrypting stage depending on said text or a  
5 data dependent on said text in place of said first  
random number, and

wherein said (g) changing includes:

changing said second intermediate data at said

000240" STE 550

current decrypting stage depending on said text or  
10 said data dependent on said text in place of said  
second random number.

39. An encrypting and decrypting method according  
to claim 36, wherein said (b) determining includes:

determining whether an encrypting procedure at  
said current encrypting stage of said encrypting  
5 operation should be changed depending on at least a  
first random number, based on said encrypting stage  
data at said previous encrypting stage,

wherein said (f) determining includes:

determining whether a decrypting procedure at  
10 said current decrypting stage of said decrypting  
operation should be changed depending on at least a  
second random number, based on said decrypting stage  
data at said previous decrypting stage,

wherein said (c) changing includes:

15 changing said encrypting procedure at said  
current encrypting stage of said encrypting operation  
depending on said first random number, and

wherein said (g) changing includes:

changing said decrypting procedure at said  
20 current decrypting stage of said decrypting operation  
depending on said second random number.

40. An encrypting and decrypting method according

000240" STE 550



to claim 39, wherein said (c) changing includes:

changing said encrypting procedure at said  
current encrypting stage of said encrypting operation  
5 depending on said text or a data dependent on said  
text in place of said first random number, and

wherein said (g) changing includes:

changing said decrypting procedure at said  
current decrypting stage of said decrypting operation  
10 depending on said text or said data dependent on said  
text in place of said second random number.

41. An encrypting and decrypting method according  
to claim 36, wherein said (b) determining includes:

determining whether said encrypting operation  
at said current encrypting stage should be changed  
5 depending on at least a first random number, based on  
said encrypting stage data at said previous encrypting  
stage,

wherein said (f) determining includes:

determining whether said decrypting operation  
10 at said current decrypting stage should be changed  
depending on at least a second random number, based on  
said decrypting stage data at said previous decrypting  
stage,

wherein said (c) changing includes:

15 inserting a first delay time in said encrypting  
operation at said current encrypting stage depending

000240" STE 550

on said first random number, and

wherein said (g) changing includes:

inserting a second delay time in said

20 decrypting operation at said current decrypting stage  
depending on said second random number.

42. An encrypting and decrypting method according  
to claim 41, wherein said (c) changing includes:

inserting said first delay time in said

encrypting operation at said current encrypting stage  
5 depending on said text or a data dependent on said  
text in place of said first random number,

wherein said (f) changing includes:

inserting said second delay time in said

decrypting operation at said current decrypting stage  
10 depending on said text or said data dependent on said  
text in place of said second random number.

43. A recording medium which stores a problem for  
an encrypting method, wherein said encrypting method  
comprises:

(a) determining whether an encrypting operation

5 at a current encrypting stage should be changed, based  
on encrypting stage data at a previous encrypting  
stage, said encrypting stage data at said previous  
encrypting stage indicating an encrypting state at  
said previous encrypting stage;

000240 "ST42550

10           (b) changing said encrypting operation at said  
current encrypting stage when it is determined that  
said encrypting operation at said current encrypting  
stage should be changed;

          (c) carrying out said encrypting operation at  
15 said current encrypting stage to a plaintext using  
intermediate data at said current encrypting stage;  
and

          (d) executing said steps (a) to (c) to each of  
a plurality of said encrypting stages of said  
20 encrypting operation to produce a ciphertext.

44.       A recording medium according to claim 43,  
wherein said determining includes:

          determining whether said intermediate data at  
said current encrypting stage of said encrypting  
5 operation should be changed depending on at least a  
random number, based on said encrypting stage data at  
said previous encrypting stage,

          wherein said encrypting stage data includes  
said intermediate data at said current encrypting  
10 stage, and

          wherein said changing includes:

          changing said intermediate data at said current  
encrypting stage depending on said random number.

45.       A recording medium according to claim 44,

000240" STE 550

wherein said changing includes:

changing said intermediate data at said current  
encrypting stage depending on said plaintext or a data  
5 dependent on said plaintext in place of said random  
number.

46. A recording medium according to claim 43,  
wherein said determining includes:

determining whether an encrypting procedure at  
said current encrypting stage of said encrypting  
5 operation should be changed depending on at least a  
random number, based on said encrypting stage data at  
said previous encrypting stage, and

wherein said changing includes:

changing said encrypting procedure at said  
10 current encrypting stage of said encrypting operation  
depending on said random number.

47. A recording medium according to claim 46,  
wherein said changing includes:

changes said encrypting procedure at said next  
encrypting stage of said encrypting operation  
5 depending on said plaintext or a data dependent on  
said plaintext in place of said random number.

48. A recording medium according to claim 43,  
wherein said determining includes:

000240" STE 550

determining whether said encrypting operation  
at said current encrypting stage should be changed  
5 depending on at least a random number, based on said  
encrypting stage data at said previous encrypting  
stage, and

wherein said changing includes:

inserting a delay time in said encrypting  
10 operation at said current encrypting stage depending  
on said random number.

49. A recording medium according to claim 48,  
wherein said changing includes:

inserting said delay time in said encrypting  
operation at said current encrypting stage depending  
5 on said plaintext or a data dependent on said  
plaintext in place of said random number.

50. A recording medium which stores a program for a  
decrypting method, wherein said decrypting method  
comprises:

(a) determining whether a decrypting operation  
5 at a current decrypting stage should be changed, based  
on decrypting stage data at a previous decrypting  
stage, said decrypting stage data at said previous  
decrypting stage indicating an decrypting state at  
each of said plurality of processing stages;  
10 (b) changing said decrypting operation at said

000240" 5445350



5 data dependent on said ciphertext in place of said  
random number.

53. A recording medium according to claim 50,  
wherein said determining includes:

determining whether a decrypting procedure at  
said current decrypting stage of said decrypting  
5 operation should be changed depending on at least a  
random number, based on said decrypting stage data at  
said previous decrypting stage, and

wherein said changing includes:

changing said decrypting procedure at said  
10 current decrypting stage of said decrypting operation  
depending on said random number.

54. A recording medium according to claim 53,  
wherein said changing includes:

changing said decrypting procedure at said  
current decrypting stage of said decrypting operation  
5 depending on said ciphertext or a data dependent on  
said ciphertext in place of said random number.

55. A recording medium according to claim 50,  
wherein said determining includes:

determining whether said decrypting operation

at said current decrypting stage should be changed  
5 depending on at least a random number, based on said  
decrypting stage data at said previous decrypting  
stage, and

wherein said changing includes:

inserting a delay time in said decrypting  
10 operation at said current decrypting stage depending  
on said random number.

56. A recording medium according to claim 55,  
wherein said changing includes:

inserting said delay time in said decrypting  
operation at said current decrypting stage depending  
5 on said ciphertext or a data dependent on said  
ciphertext in place of said random number.

57. A recording medium which stores a problem for  
an encrypting and decrypting method, wherein said  
encrypting and decrypting method comprises:

(a) determining whether an inputted instruction  
5 is an encrypt instruction or a decrypt instruction;

(b) determining whether said encrypting  
operation to a text at a current encrypting stage of  
an encrypting operation should be changed, based on  
said encrypting stage data at a previous encrypting  
10 stage, said encrypting stage data at said current  
encrypting stage indicating an encrypting state at

000240"574E5550



said current encrypting stage;

(c) changing said encrypting operation to said text at said current encrypting stage when it is  
15 determined that said encrypting operation to said text at said current encrypting stage should be changed;

(d) carrying out said encrypting operation to said text using first intermediate data at current encrypting stage of said encrypting operation;

20 (e) executing said steps (b) to (d) for each of a plurality of encrypting stages of said encrypting operation to said text in response to said encrypt instruction to produce a ciphertext;

(f) determining whether said decrypting  
25 operation to said text at a current decrypting stage should be changed, based on said decrypting stage data at a previous decrypting stage, said decrypting stage data at said current decrypting stage indicating an decrypting state at said current decrypting stage;

30 (g) changing said decrypting operation to said text at said current decrypting stage when it is determined that said decrypting operation to said text at said current decrypting stage should be changed;

(h) carrying out said decrypting operation to  
35 said text using second intermediate data at said current decrypting stage; and

(i) executing said steps (f) to (h) for each of a plurality of decrypting stages of said encrypting

000240 "STHE550

operation to said text in response to said decrypt  
40 instruction to produce a plaintext.

58. A recording medium according to claim 57,  
wherein said (b) determining includes:

determining whether said first intermediate  
data at said current encrypting stage of said  
5 encrypting operation should be changed depending on at  
least a first random number, based on said encrypting  
stage data at said previous encrypting stage,

wherein said (f) determining includes:

determining whether said second intermediate  
10 data at said current decrypting stage of said  
decrypting operation should be changed depending on at  
least a second random number, based on said decrypting  
stage data at said previous decrypting stage,

wherein said encrypting stage data includes  
15 said first intermediate data at said current  
encrypting stage and said decrypting stage data  
includes said second intermediate data for said  
current decrypting stage,

wherein said (c) changing includes:

20 changing said first intermediate data at said  
current encrypting stage depending on said first  
random number, and

wherein said (g) changing includes:

changing said second intermediate data at said

000240" 57E5350

59. A recording medium according to claim 58,  
wherein said (c) changing includes:

wherein said (g) changing includes:

60. A recording medium according to claim 57,  
wherein said (b) determining includes:

wherein said (f) determining includes:

determining whether a decrypting procedure at  
10 said current decrypting stage of said decrypting  
operation should be changed depending on at least a  
second random number, based on said decrypting stage

data at said previous decrypting stage,

wherein said (c) changing includes:

15       changing said encrypting procedure at said  
current encrypting stage of said encrypting operation  
depending on said first random number, and

wherein said (g) changing includes:

20       changing said decrypting procedure at said  
current decrypting stage of said decrypting operation  
depending on said second random number.

61.       A recording medium according to claim 60,  
wherein said (c) changing includes:

5       changing said encrypting procedure at said  
current encrypting stage of said encrypting operation  
depending on said text or a data dependent on said  
text in place of said first random number, and

wherein said (g) changing includes:

10       changing said decrypting procedure at said  
current decrypting stage of said decrypting operation  
depending on said text or said data dependent on said  
text in place of said second random number.

62.       A recording medium according to claim 57,  
wherein said (b) determining includes:

5       determining whether said encrypting operation  
at said current encrypting stage should be changed  
depending on at least a first random number, based on

000240"STRE550



text in place of said second random number.

000240" 574E5550



Fig. 1

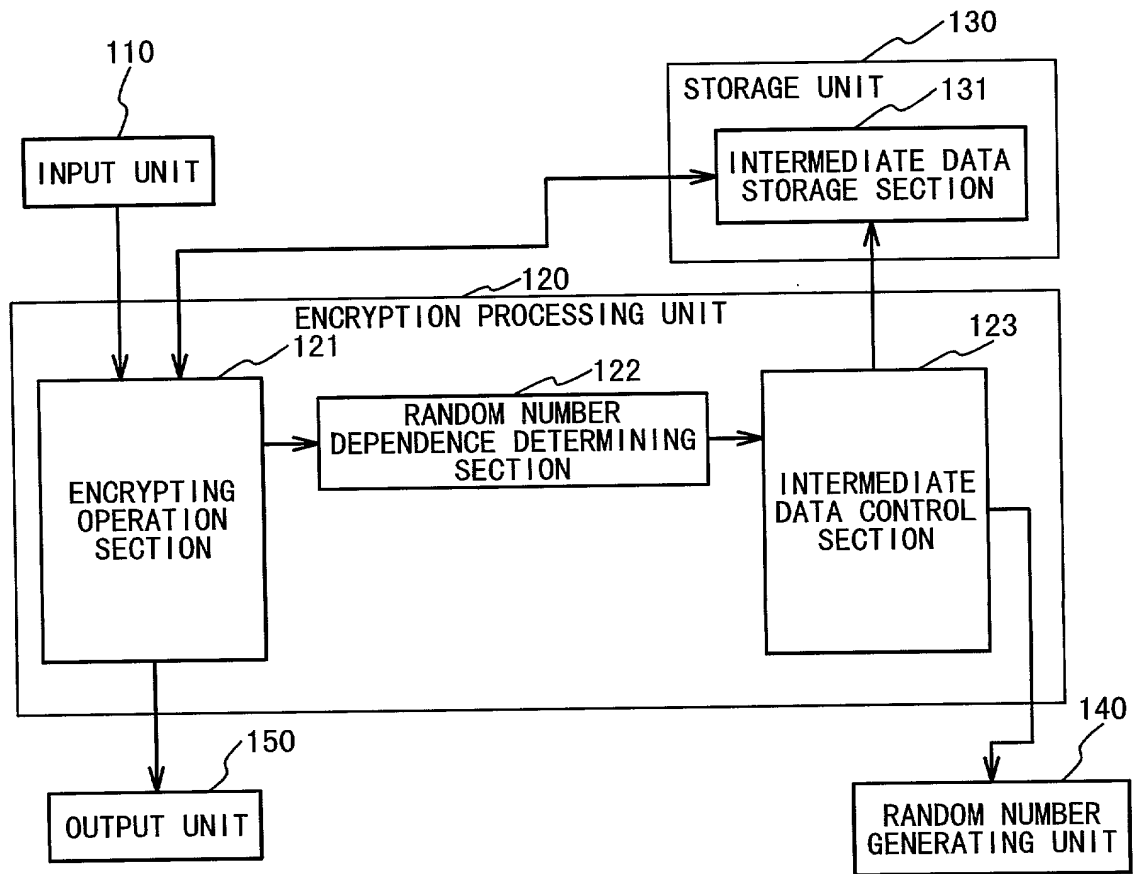




Fig. 2

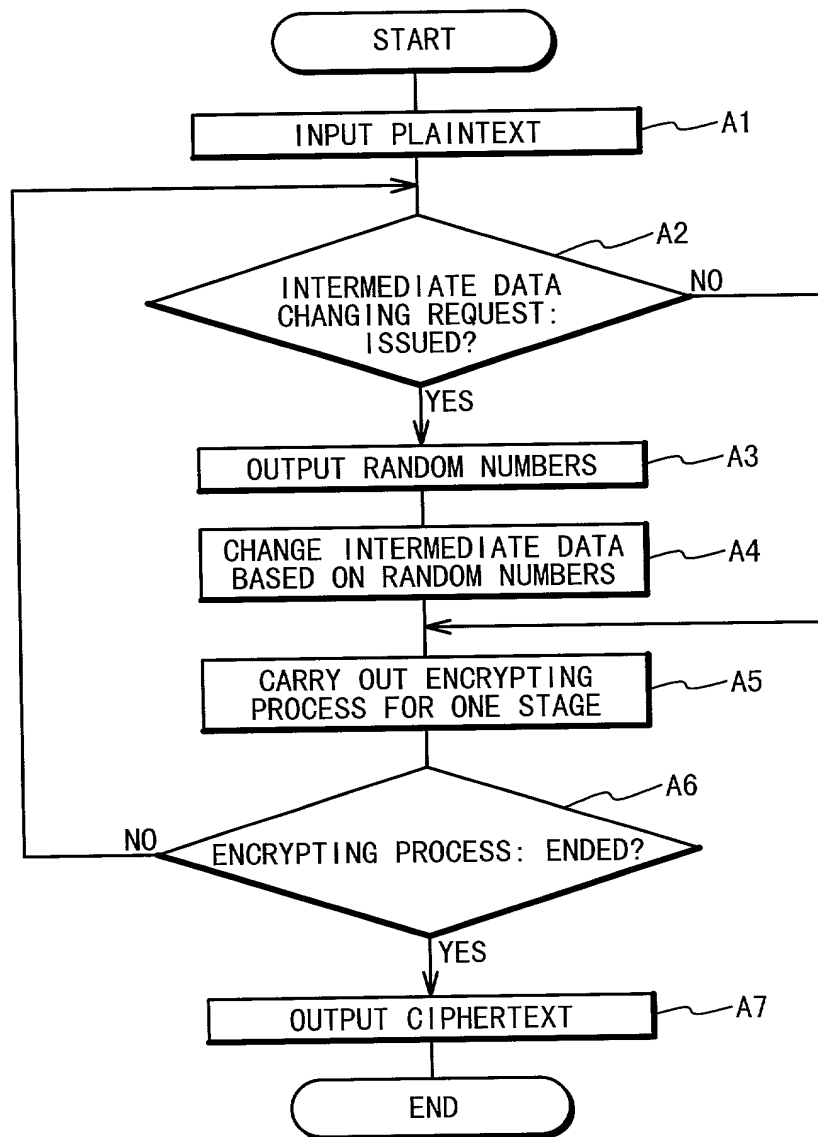


Fig. 3

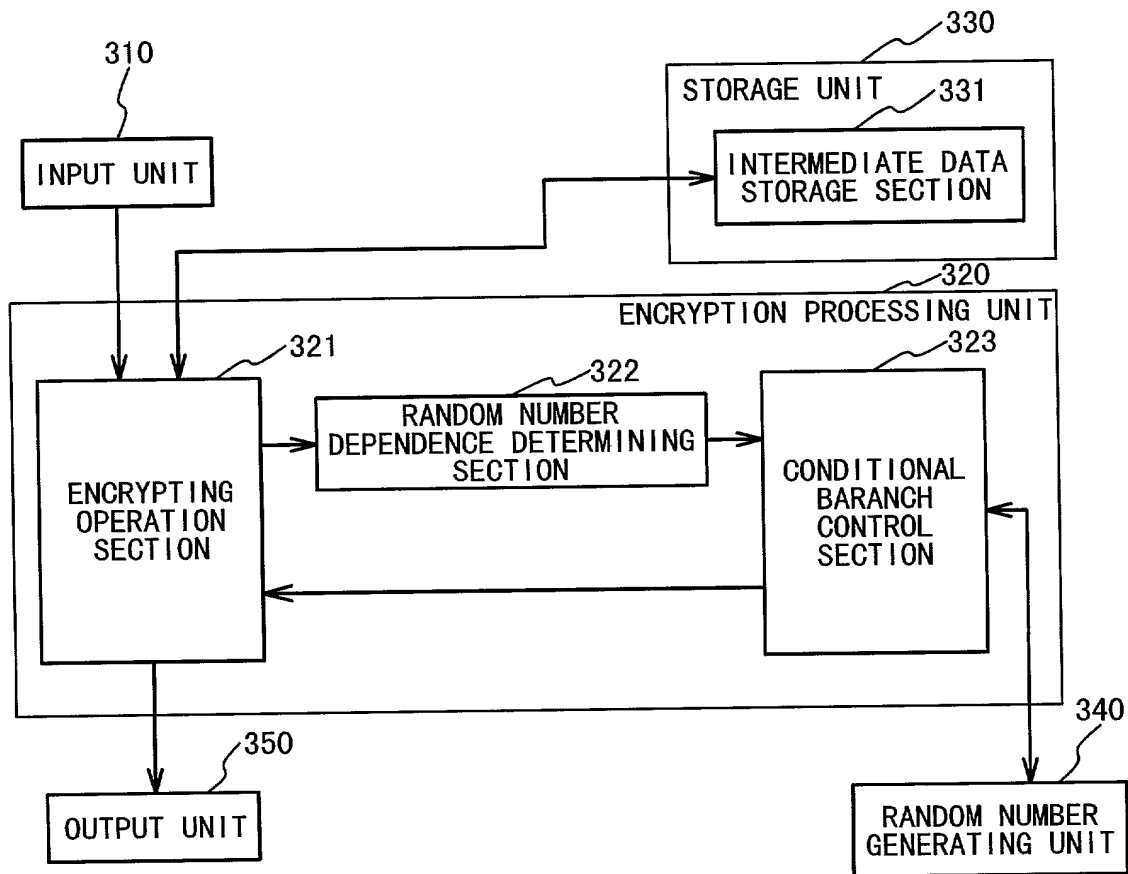
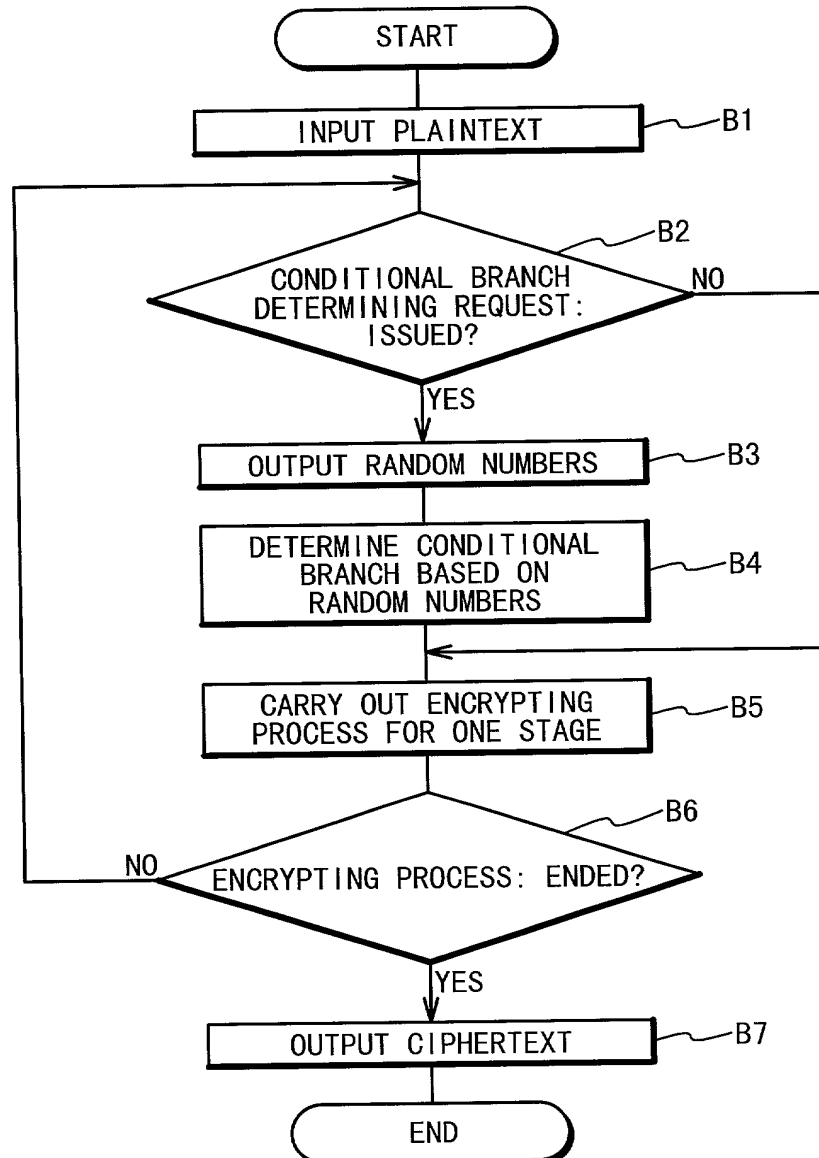


Fig. 4



000240" STEESES

Fig. 5

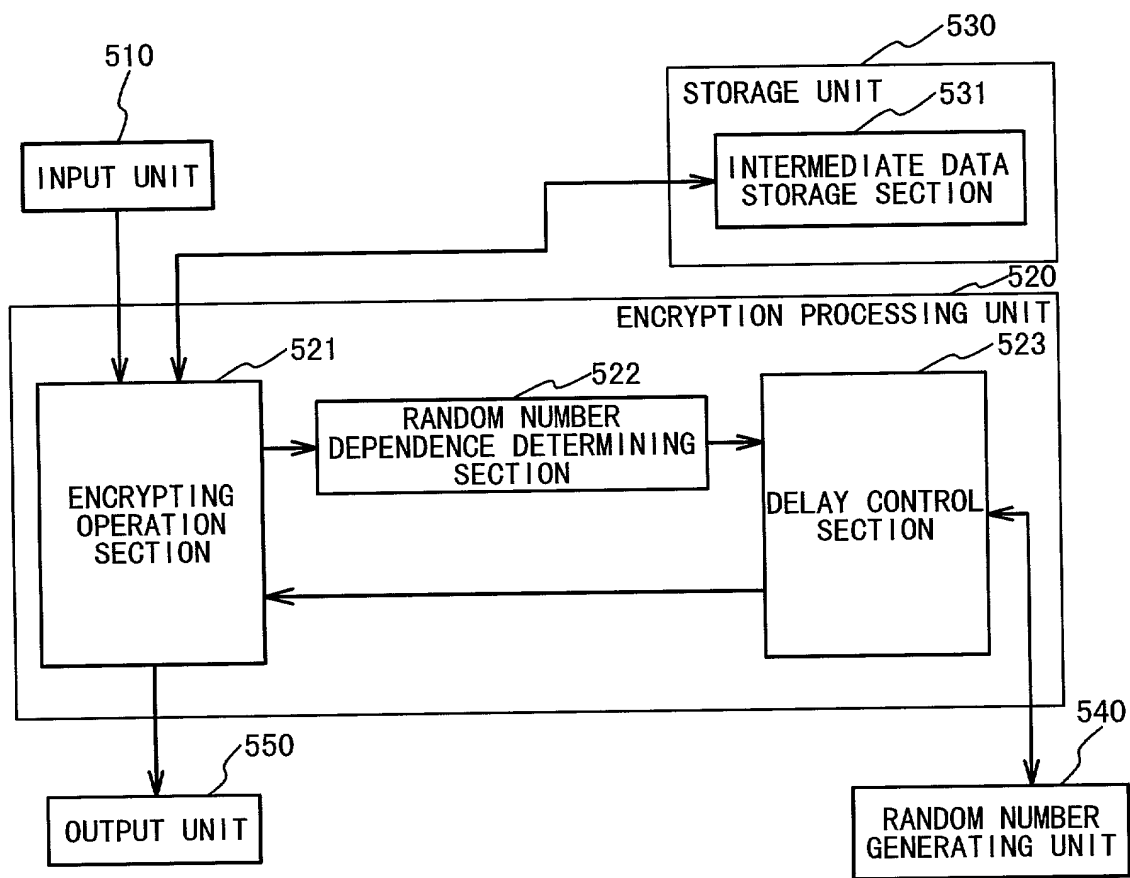
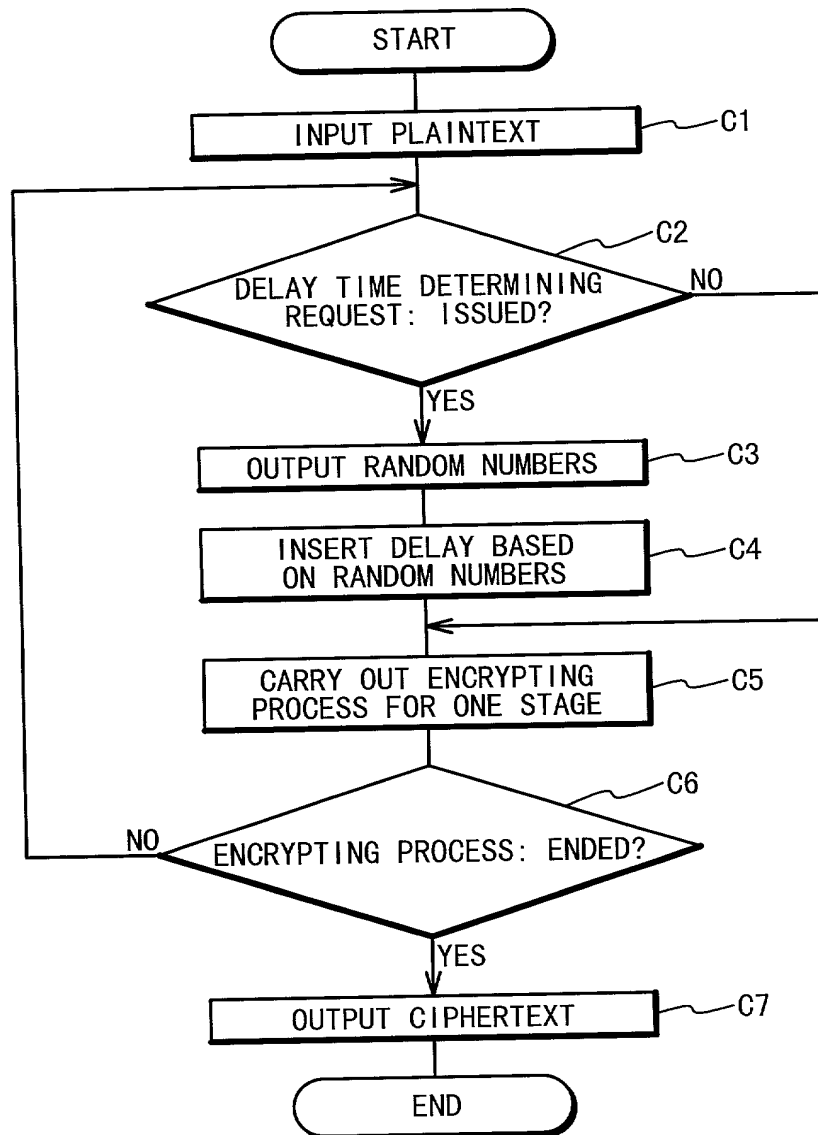


Fig. 6



# Fi. 7

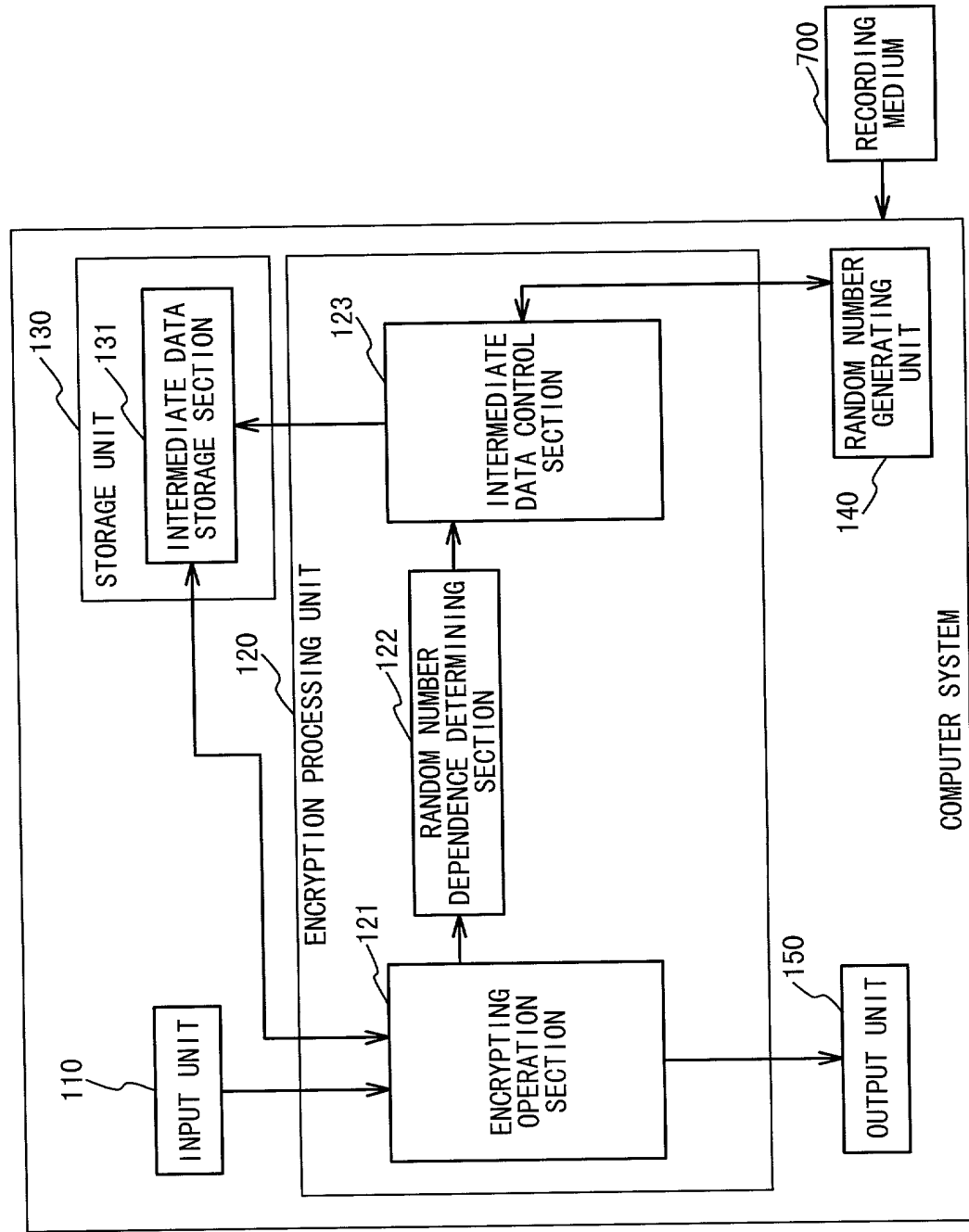


Fig. 8

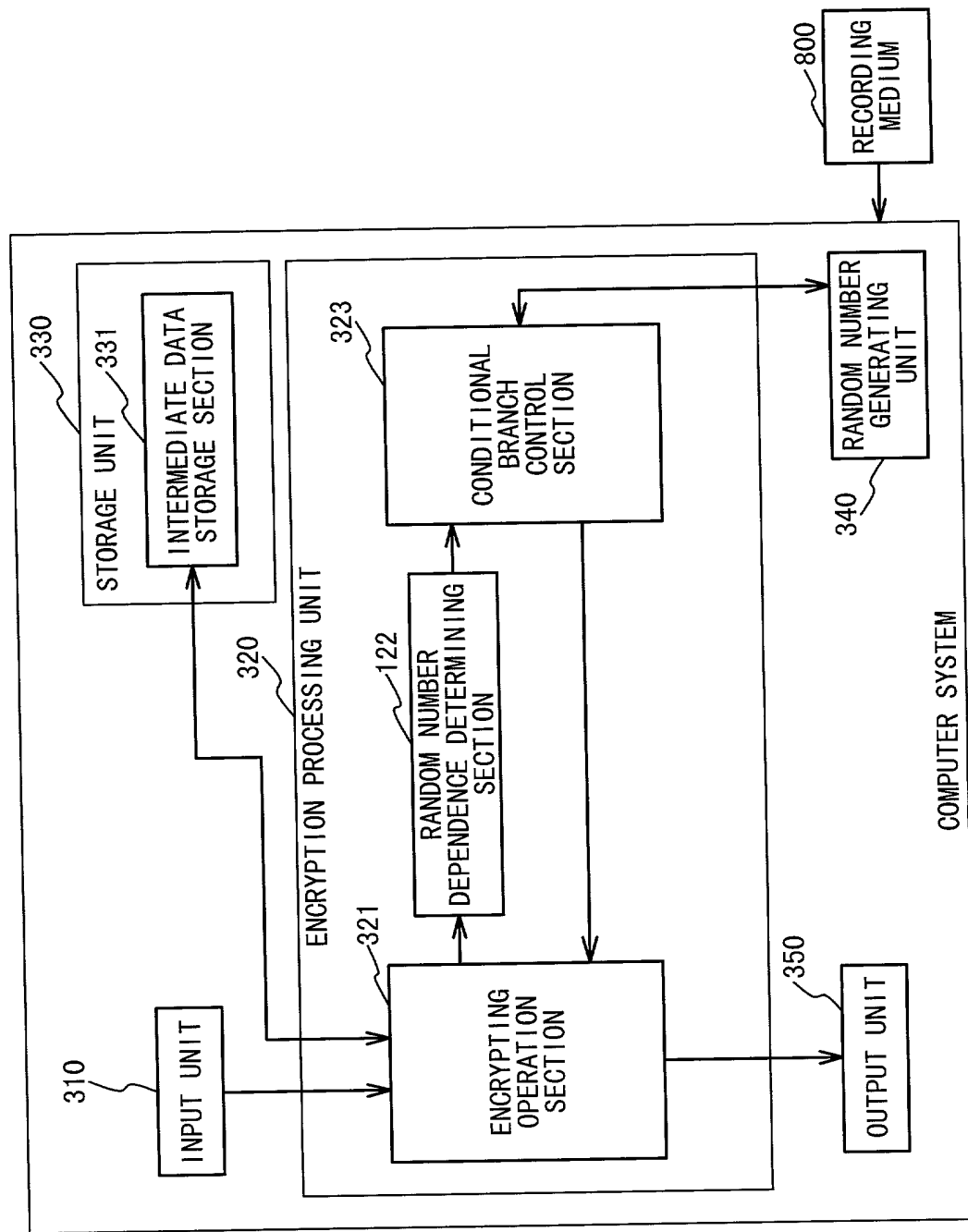






Fig. 10

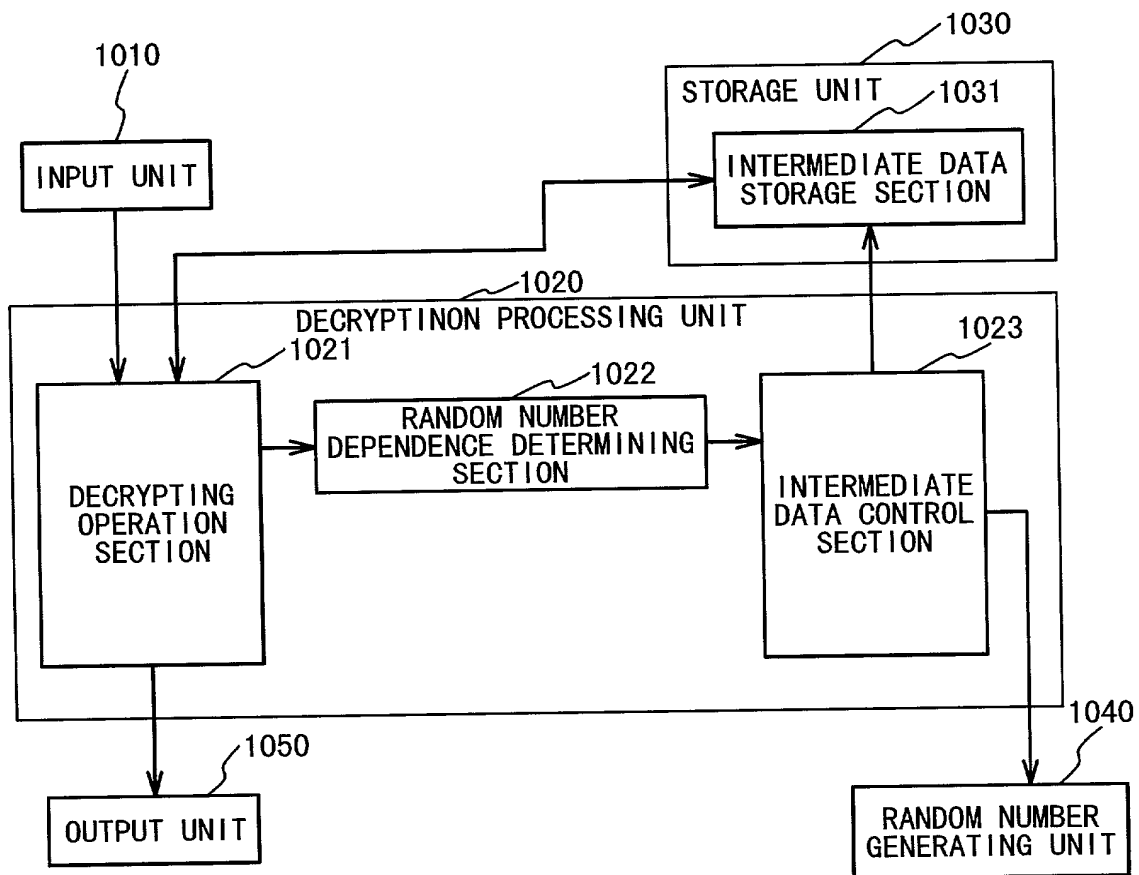


Fig. 11

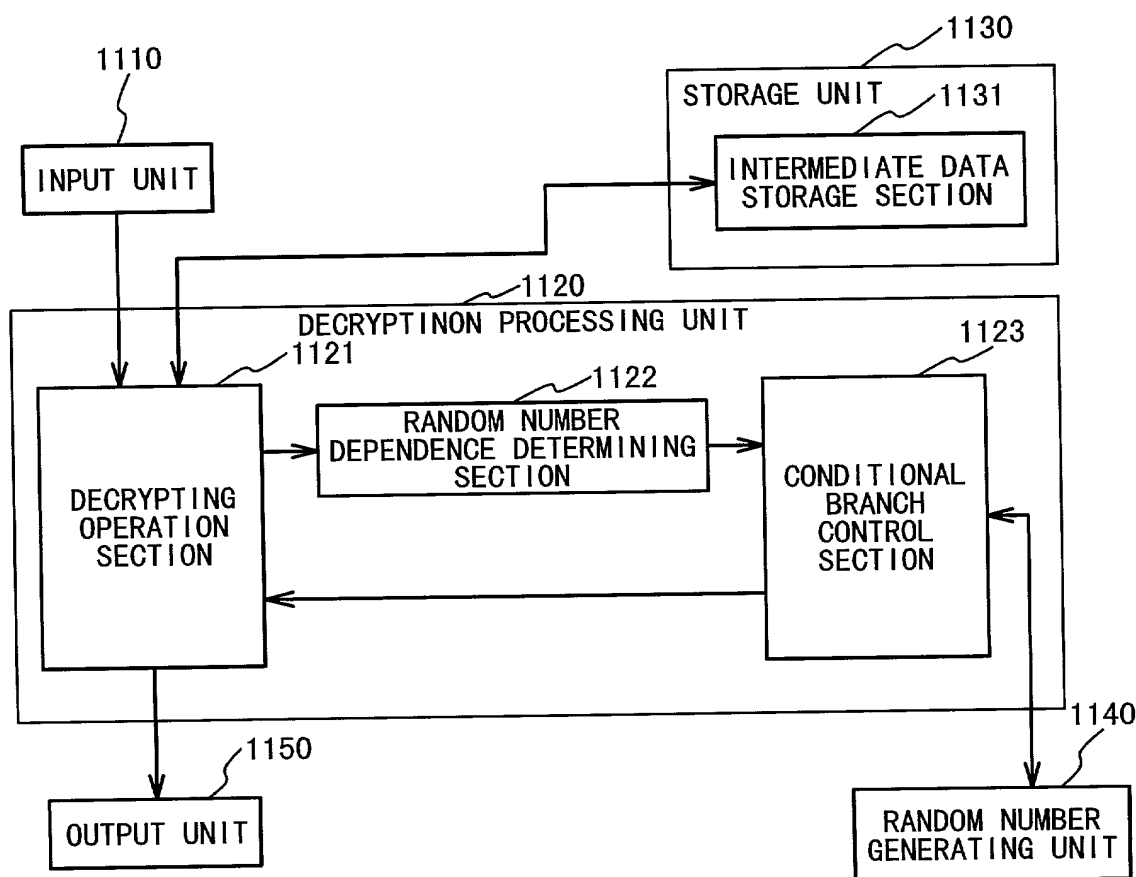


Fig. 12

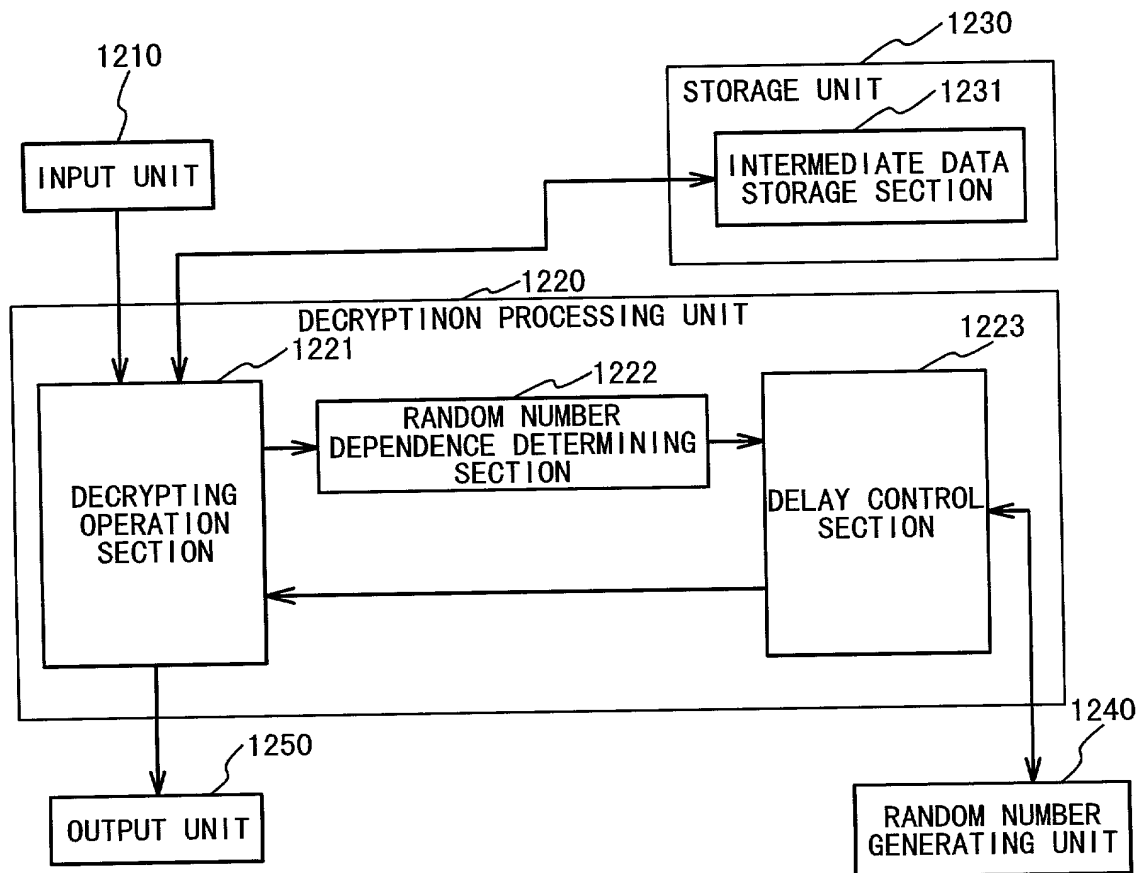


Fig. 13

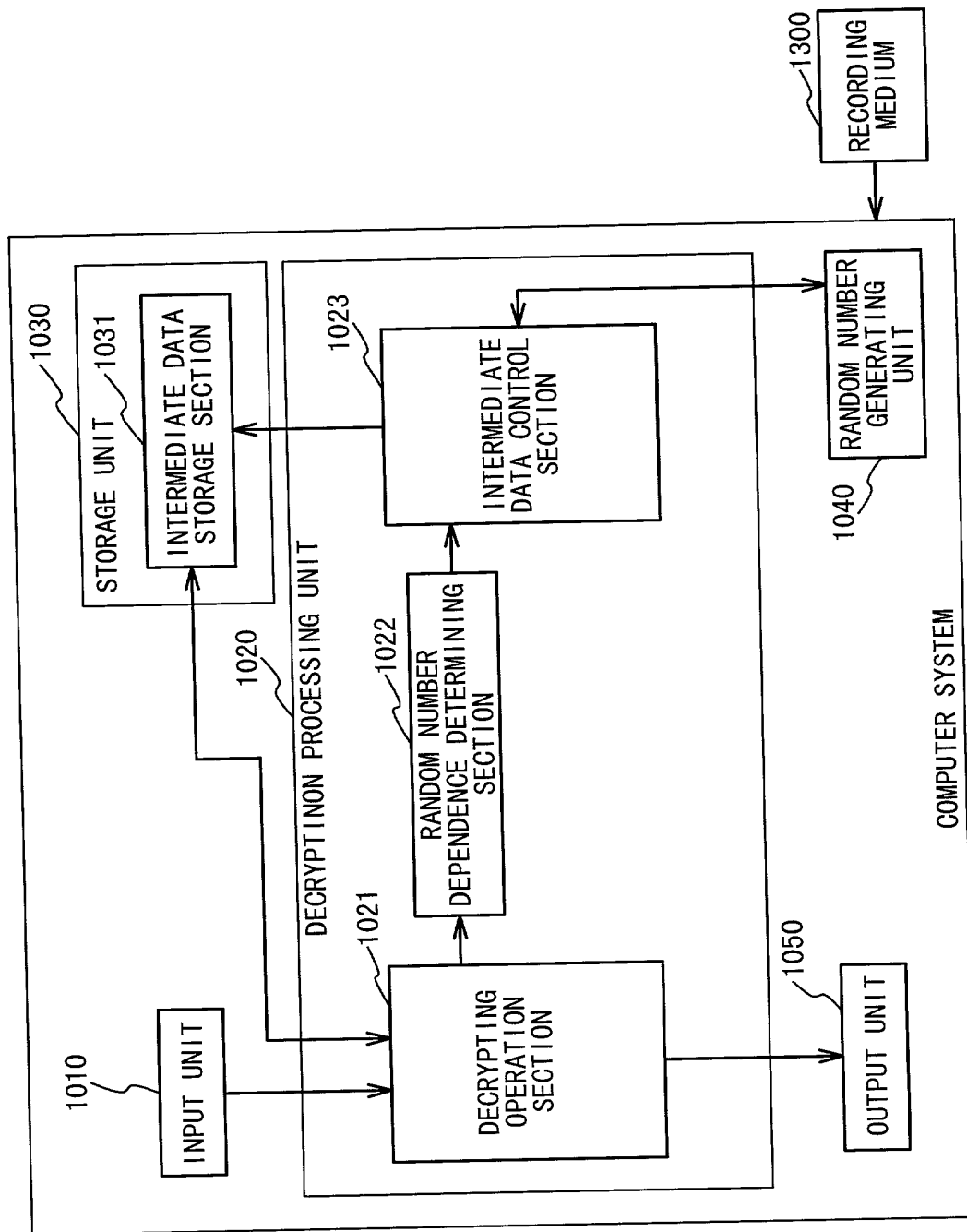


Fig. 14

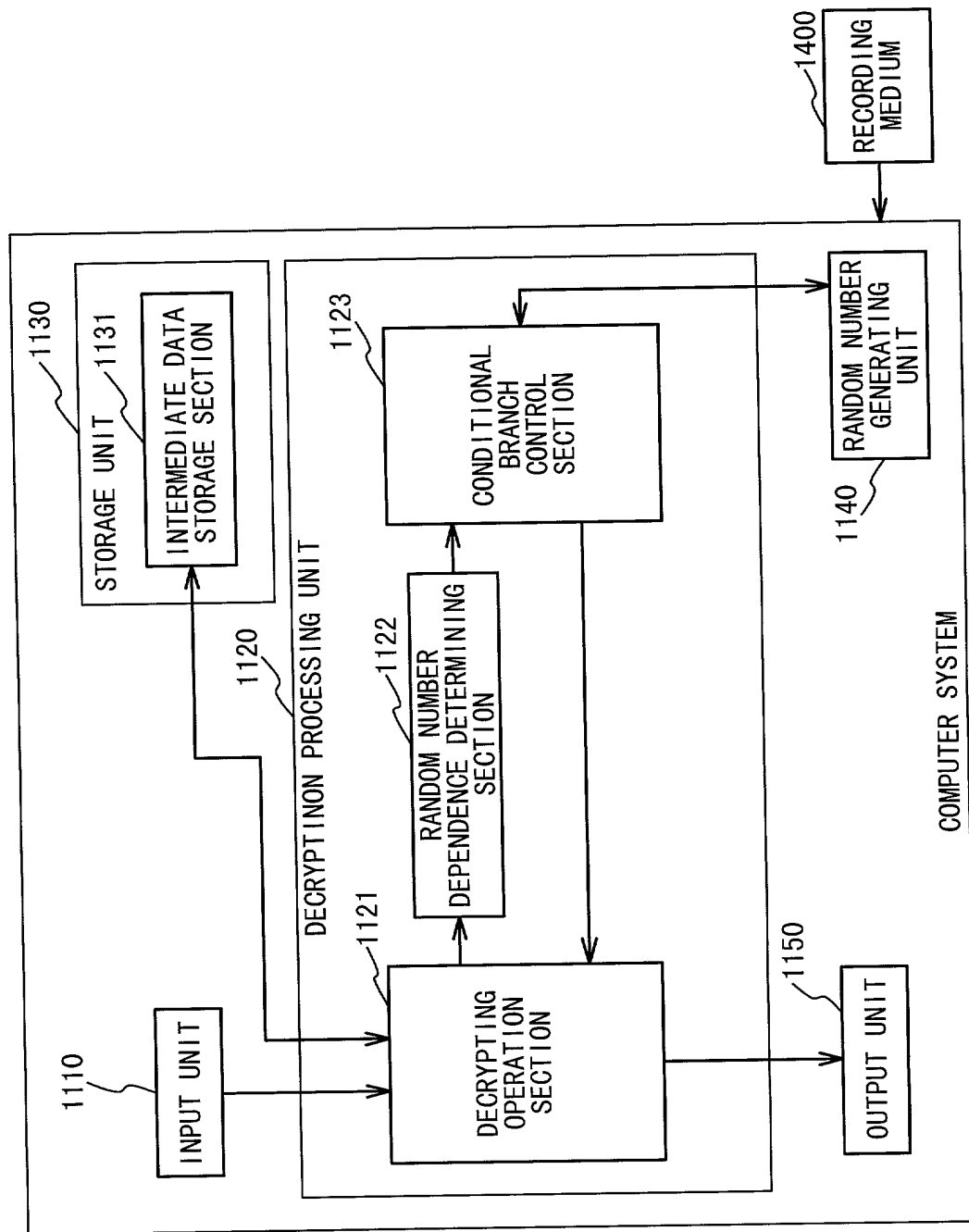


Fig. 15

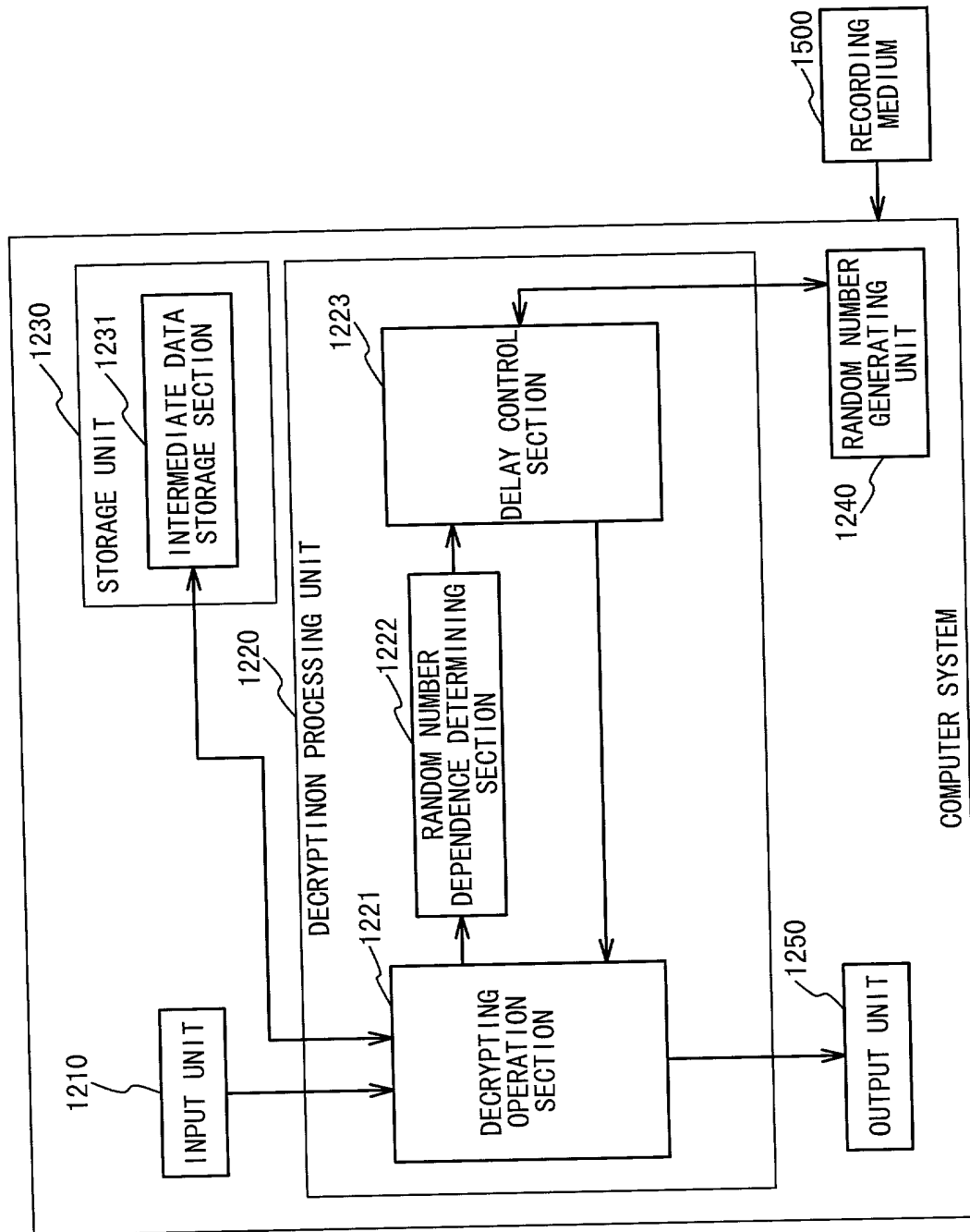


Fig. 16

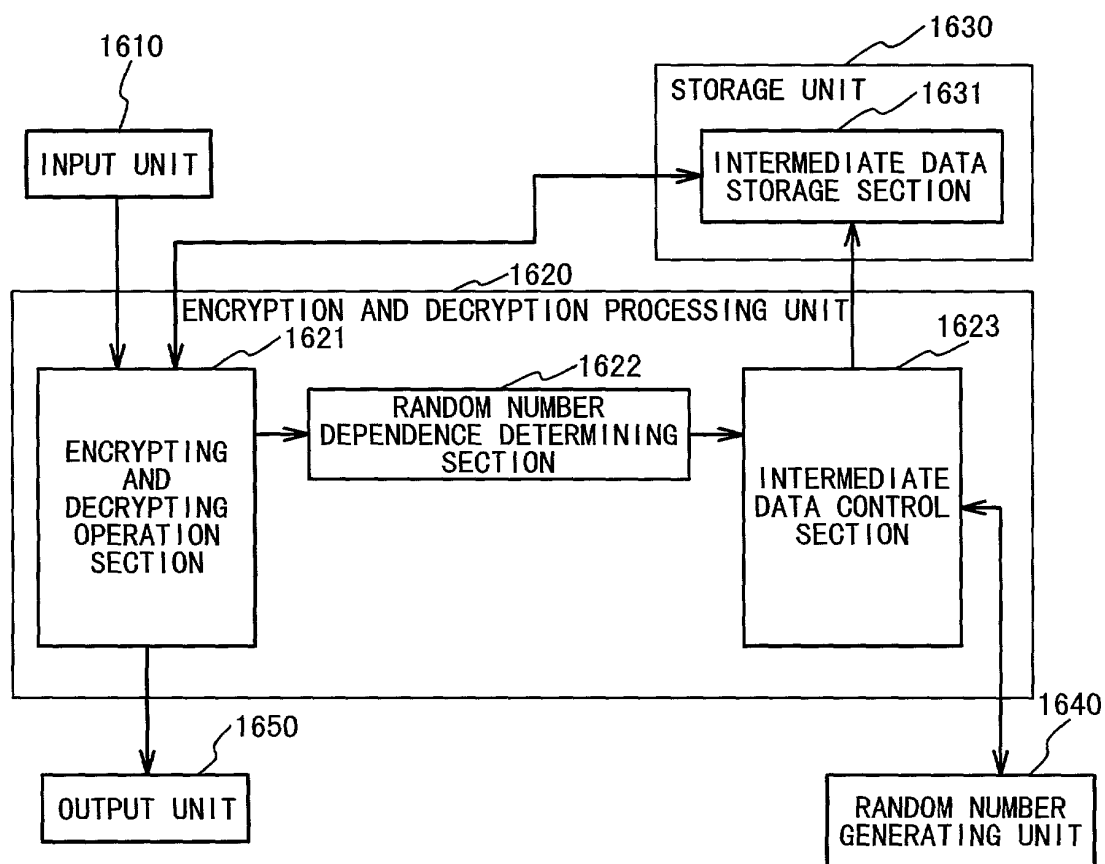


Fig. 17

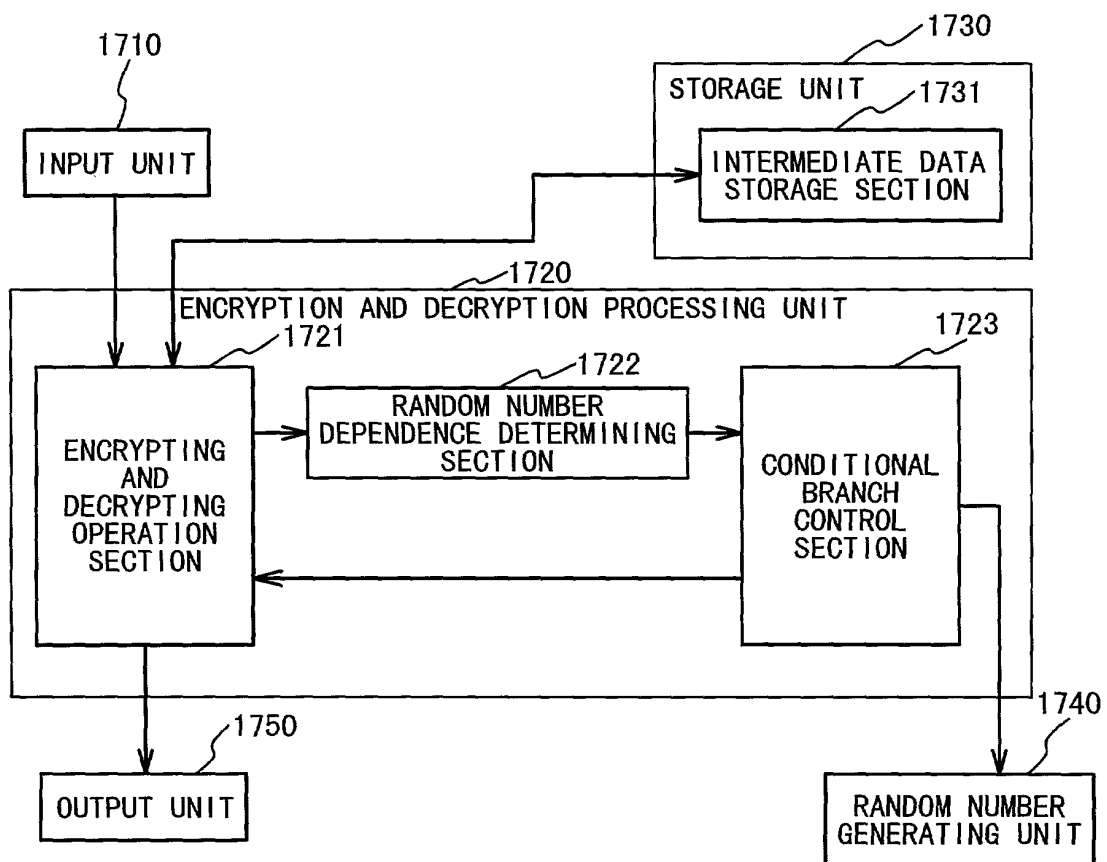




Fig. 18

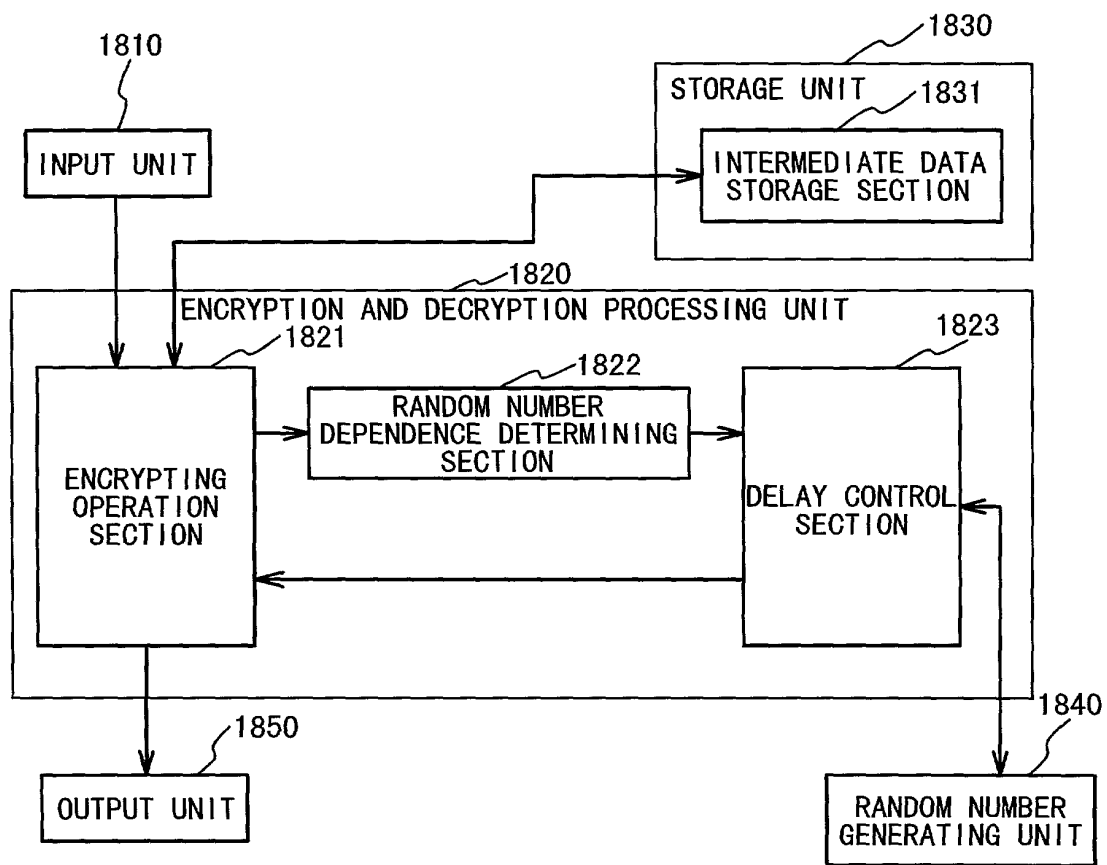


Fig. 19

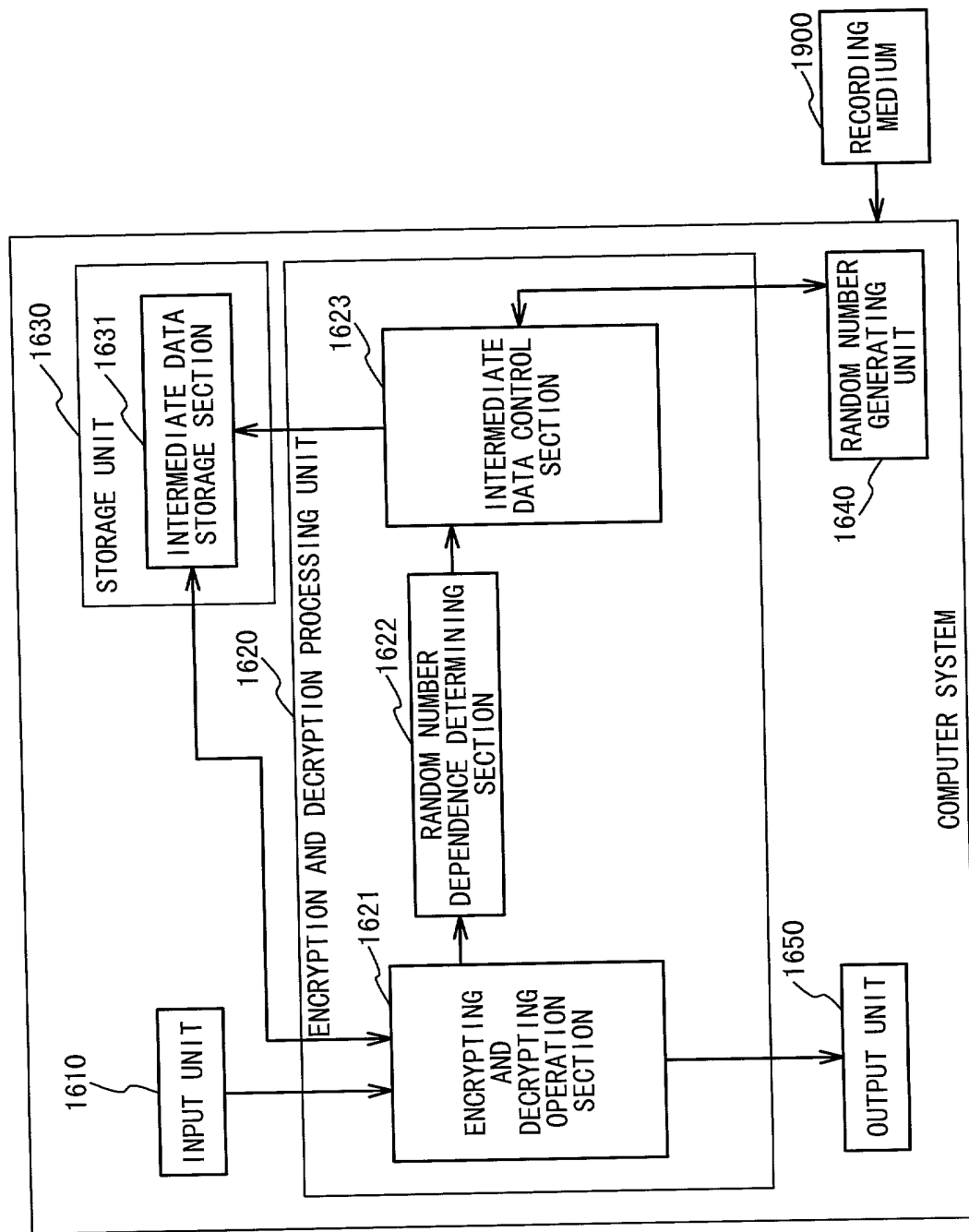


Fig. 20

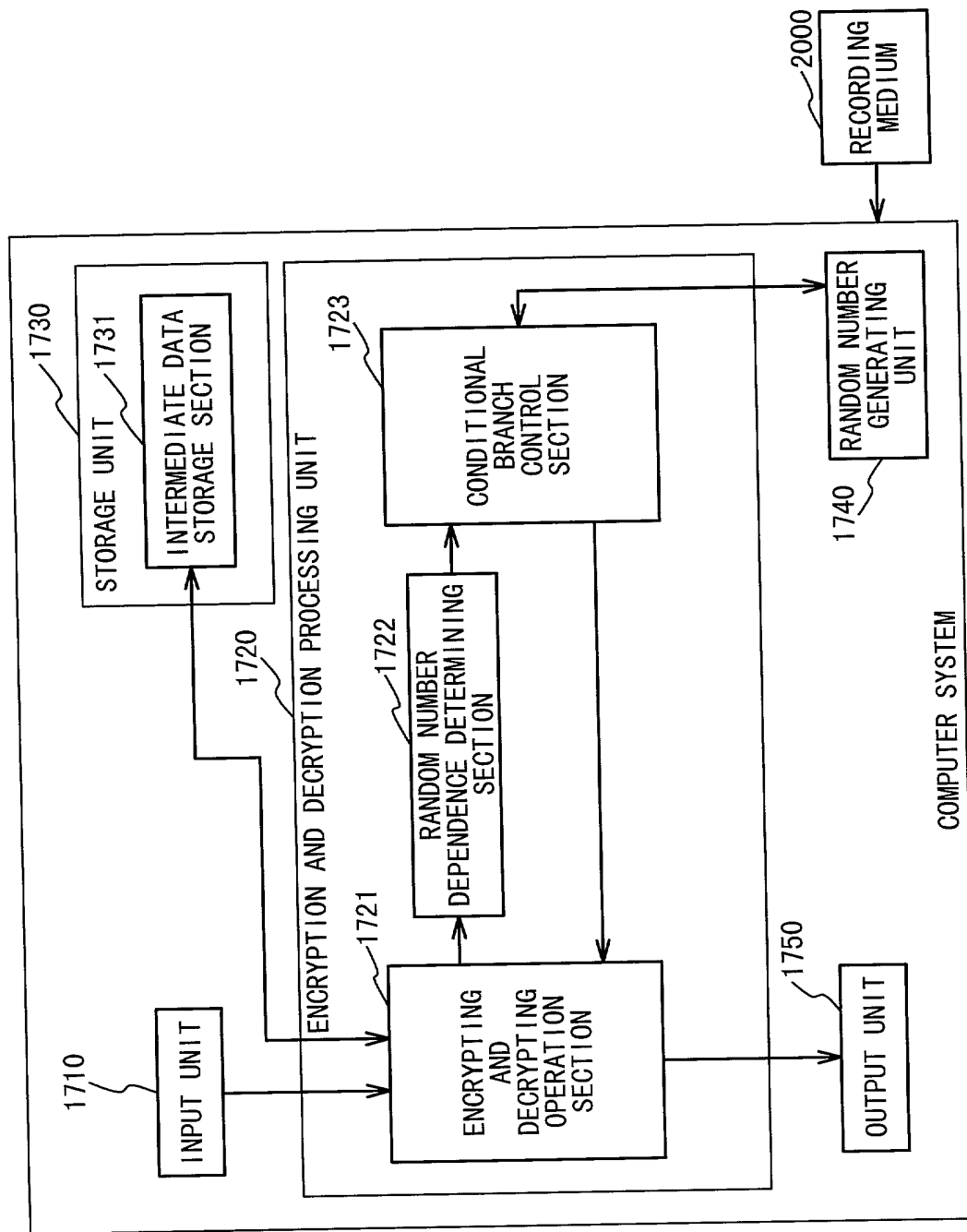


Fig. 21

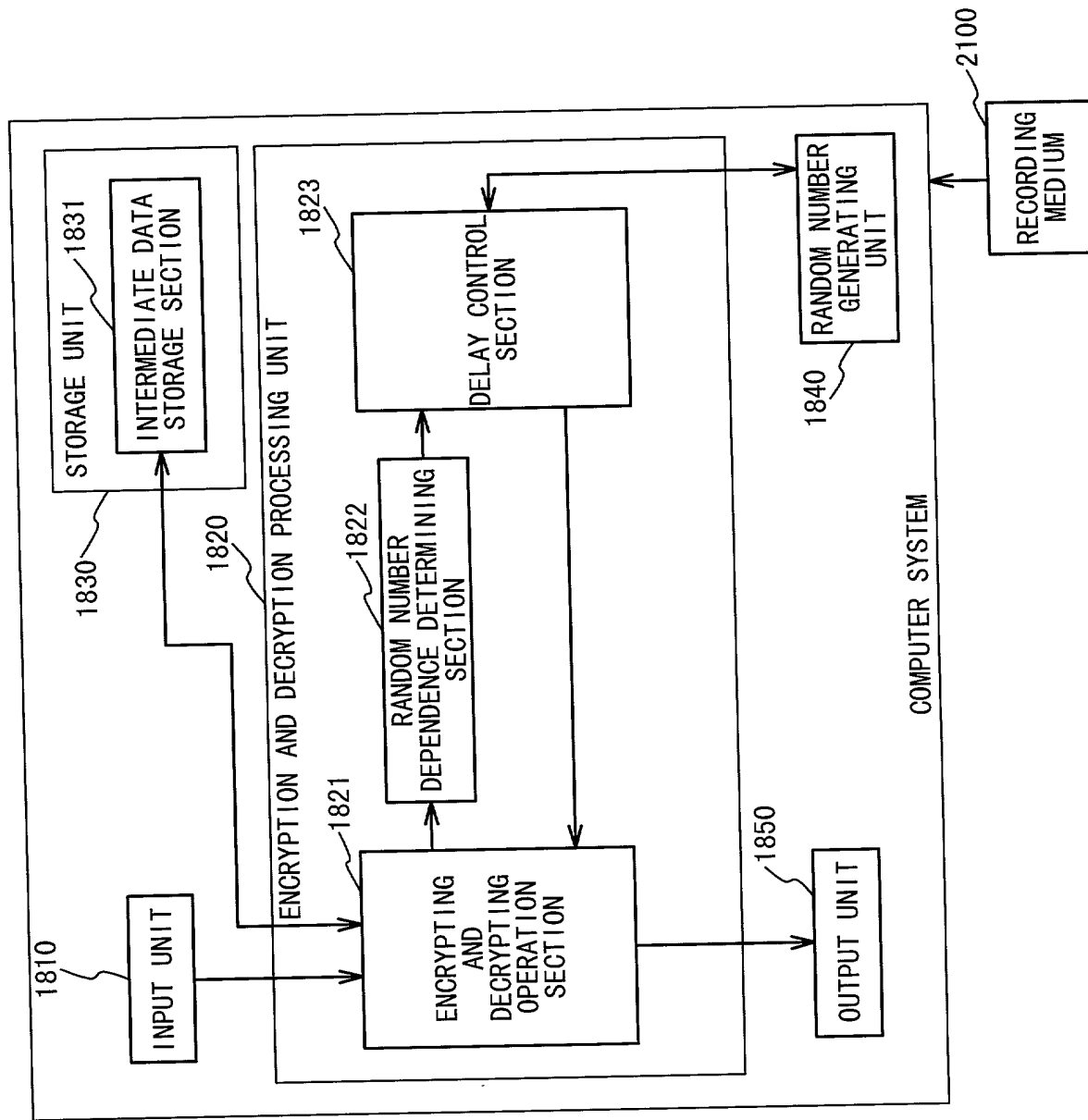
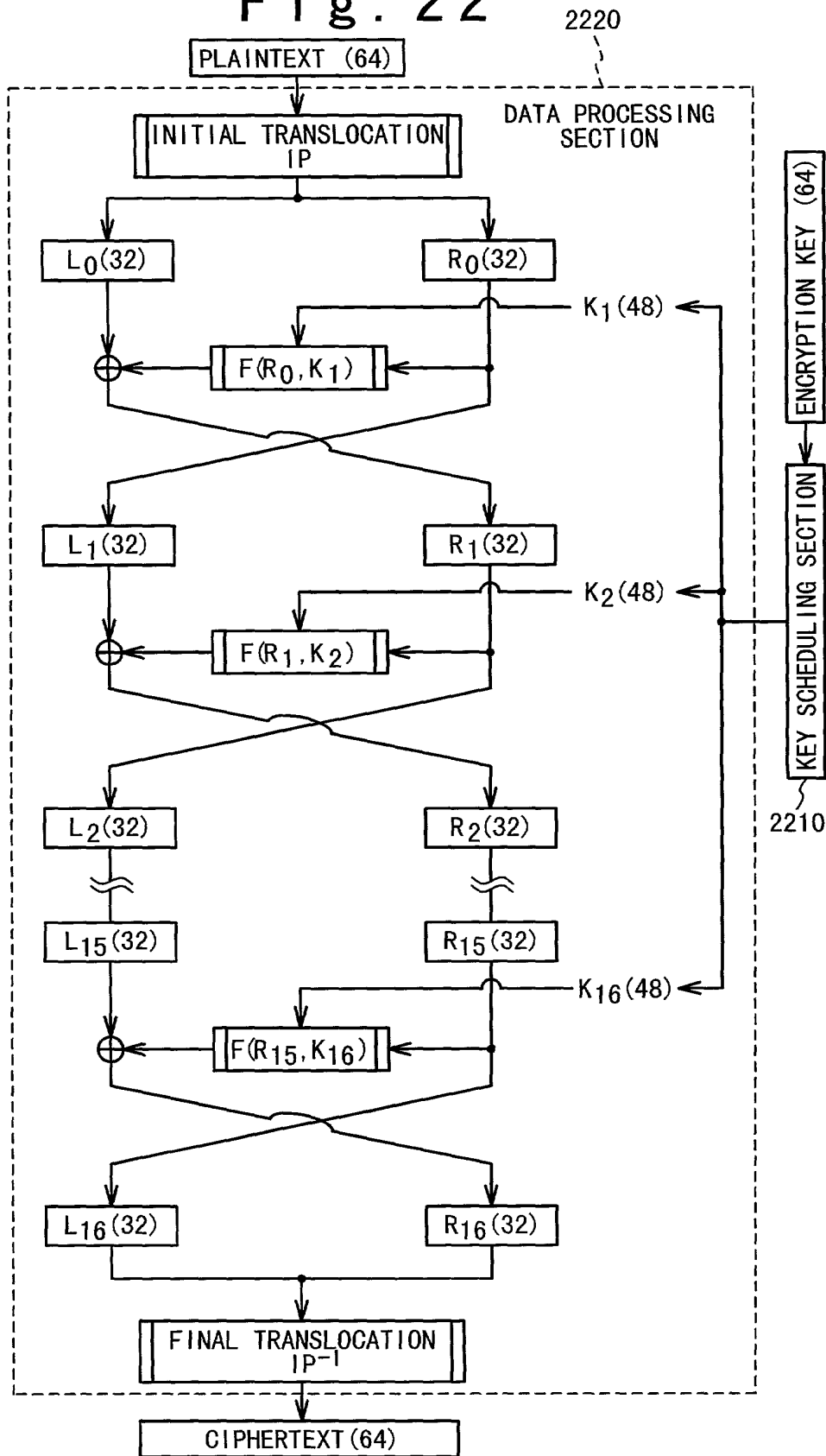
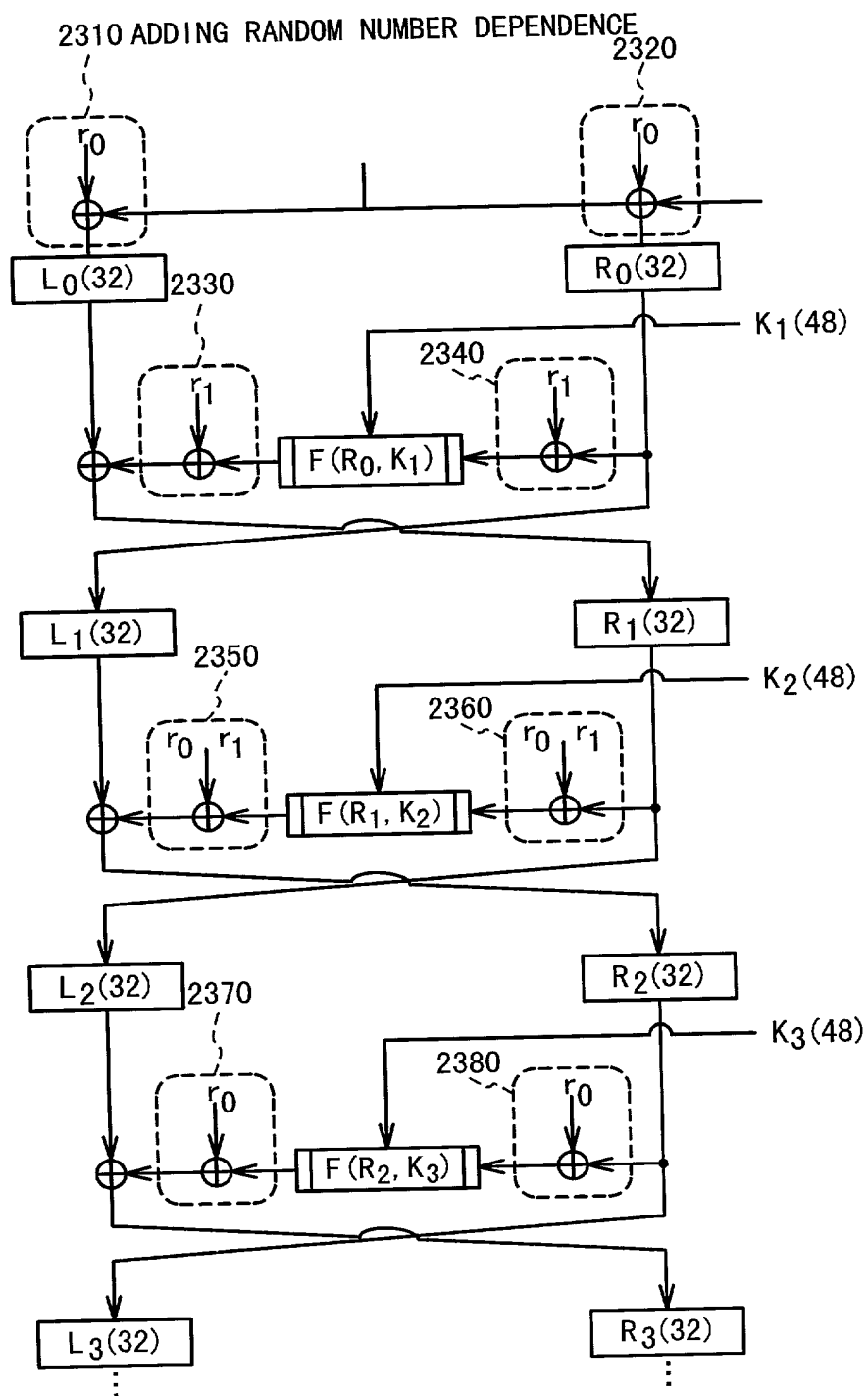


Fig. 22



# Fig. 23



# Fig. 24

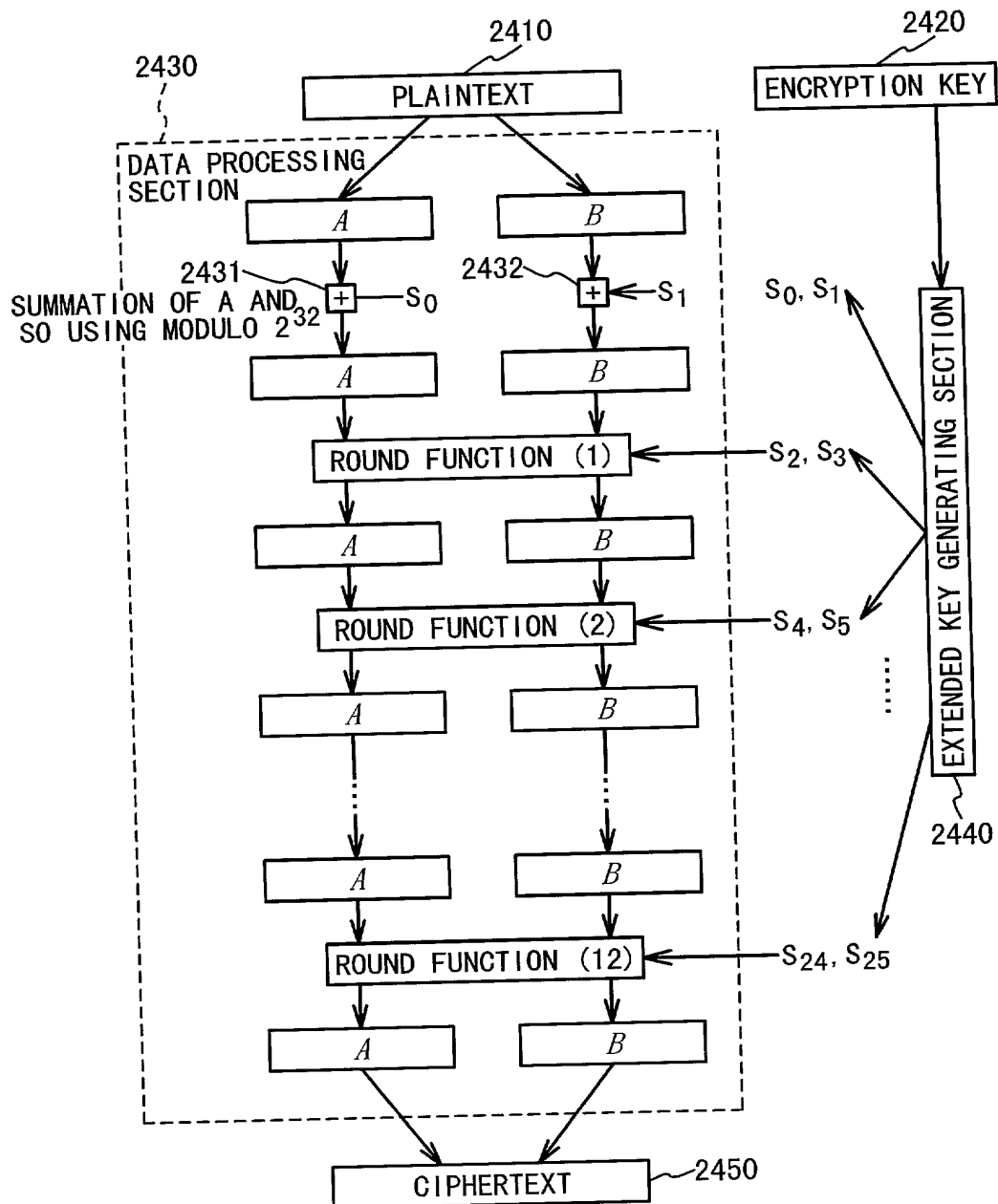


Fig. 25

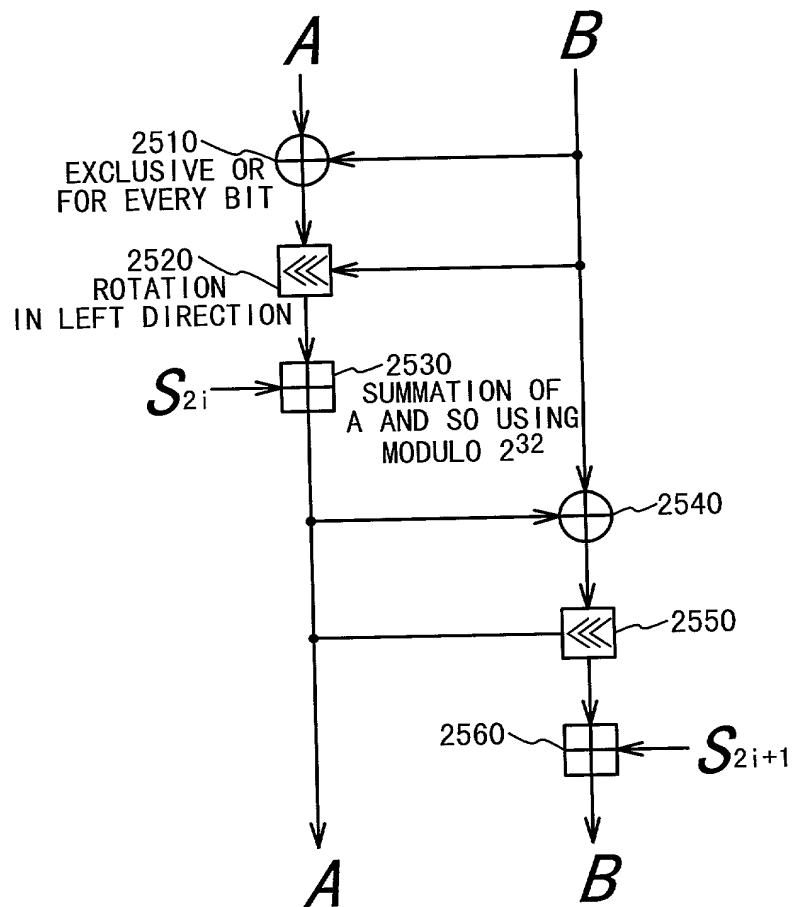
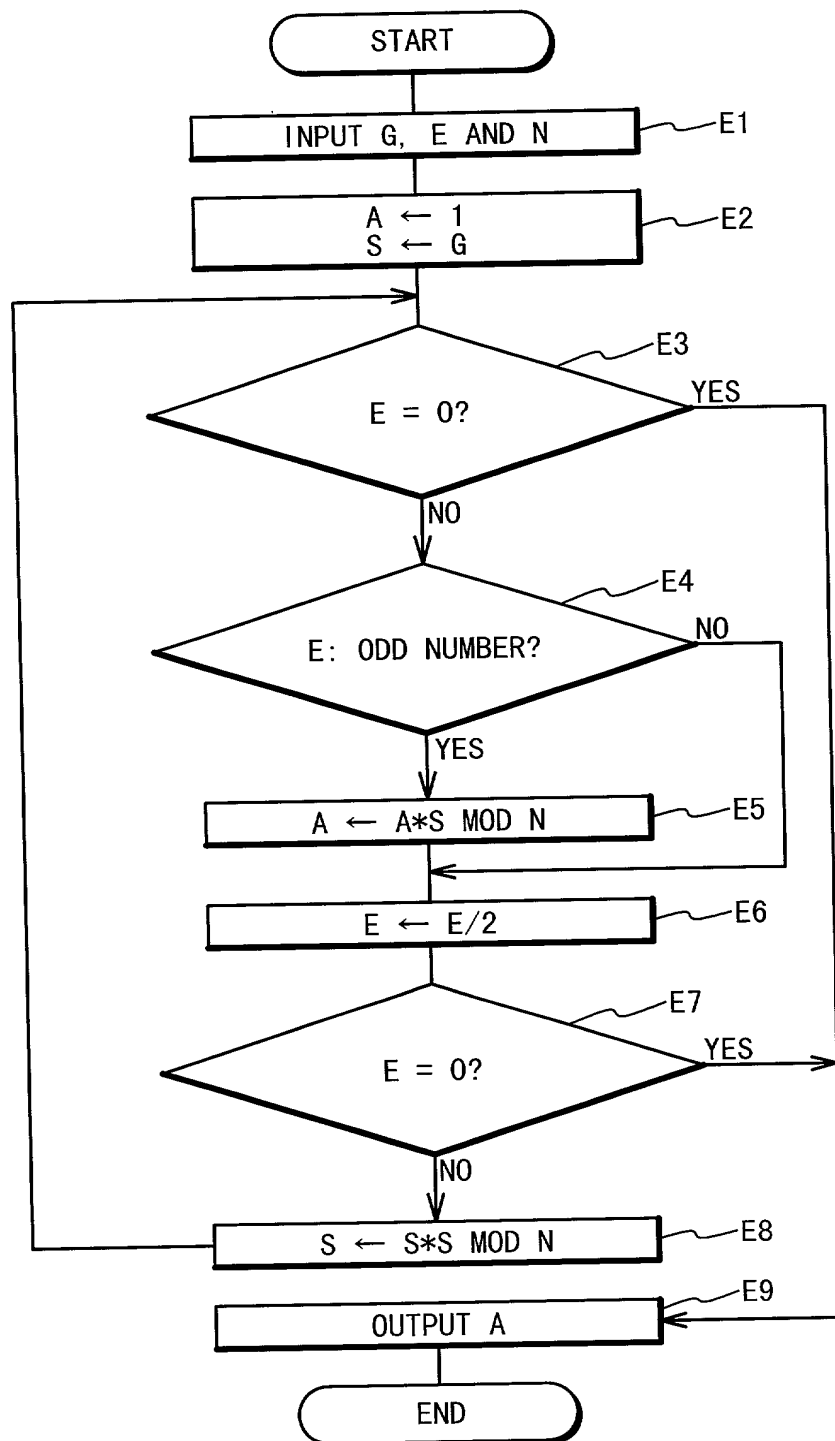




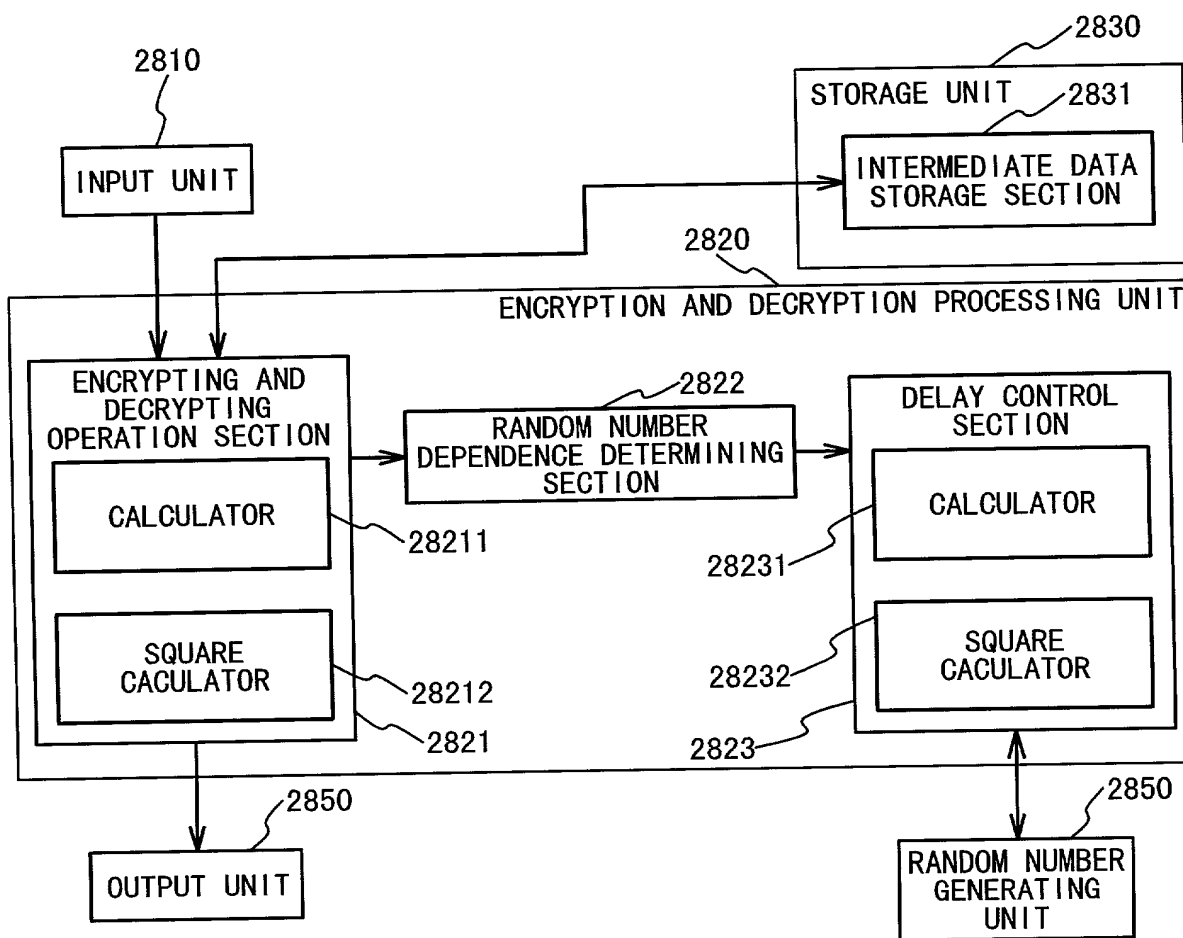


Fig. 27



000240 STESES0

Fig. 28



# DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION WITH ENDURANCE TO CRYPTANALYSIS METHOD

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

## PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)

NUMBER	COUNTRY	DAY/MONTH/YEAR FILED	PRIORITY CLAIMED
114230/1999	Japan	21/04/1999	yes

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE


I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is known by me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

APPLICATION SERIAL NO.	FILING DATE	STATUS: PATENTED, PENDING, ABANDONED

I hereby appoint as my attorneys, with full powers of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Stephen A. Bent, Reg. No. 29,768; David A. Blumenthal, Reg. No. 26,257; William T. Ellis, Reg. No. 26,874; John J. Feldhaus, Reg. No. 28,822; Donald D. Jeffery, Reg. No. 19,980; Eugene M. Lee, Reg. No. 32,039; Peter G. Mack, Reg. No. 26,001; Brian J. McNamara, Reg. No. 32,789; Sybil Meloy, Reg. No. 22,749; George E. Quillin, Reg. No. 32,792; Colin G. Sandercock, Reg. No. 31,298; Bernhard D. Saxe, Reg. No. 28,665; Charles F. Schill, Reg. No. 27,590; Richard L. Schwaab, Reg. No. 25,479; Arthur Schwartz, Reg. No. 22,115; Harold C. Wegner, Reg. No. 25,258.

Address all correspondence to FOLEY & LARDNER, Washington Harbour, 3000 K Street, N.W., Suite 500, P.O. Box 25696, Washington, D.C. 20007-8696. Address telephone communications to \_\_\_\_\_ at (202) 672-5300.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full Name of First or Sole Inventor SATOSHI OBANA	Signature of First or Sole Inventor <i>Satoshi Obana</i> 	Date April 6, 2000
Residence Address Tokyo, Japan	Country of Citizenship Japanese	
Post Office Address c/o NEC Corporation, 7-1, Shiba 5-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan		

Full Name of Second Inventor	Signature of Second Inventor	Date
Residence Address	Country of Citizenship	
Post Office Address		

Full Name of Third Inventor	Signature of Third Inventor	Date
Residence Address	Country of Citizenship	
Post Office Address		

Full Name of Fourth Inventor	Signature of Fourth Inventor	Date
Residence Address	Country of Citizenship	
Post Office Address		

Full Name of Fifth Inventor	Signature of Fifth Inventor	Date
Residence Address	Country of Citizenship	
Post Office Address		

000240 "S" 465300